भारती हुन हो अध्यास्त्रामा अध्यास करता है।

U.N. chief may go to Namibia

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, responding to bitter African criticism of the U.N. operation engaged in assisting Namibia's transition to independ ence from South Africa, is considering a personal visit to the territory, diplomats said Tuesday. They said that Perez de Cuellar, in a private meeting with delegates from several non-aligned and African states, also mentioned a possibility of naming an African deputy chief of the U.N. Transition Assistance Group (UNTAG) that has been in Namibia since April 1. Martti Ahtisaari, a Finnish official of the U.N. secretariat who is in charge of UNTAG, has drawn much of the African fire. It was Ahtisaari who recommended that South African troops be freed from confinement in their northern Namibia bases to help local security police deal with infiltrating heavily armed guerrillas. More than 300 guerrillas were killed in subsequent clashes.

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King, Mubarak discuss ACC issues, summit

By Rania Atalla Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak Tuesday held talks believed to have centred on a proposed emergency Arab summit on the Palestinian peace strategy and issues related to the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) as well as bilateral relations.

The King and Mubarak, who held a two-hour closed meeting at Agaha, were later joined by senior Jordanian and Egyptian officials. Discussions during that meeting dealt with the outcome of the two leaders' trips to the U.S. and the results of a visit by Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat to Paris, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said.

King Hussein told the Associated Press in Agaba that leaders of the ACC — which groups Jordan, Egypt, Iraq and North Yemen would "definitely meet before the extraordinary Arab summit," proposed to be held in the Moroccan city of Casablanca May

ACC leaders scheduled to meet in the Egyptian port of Alexandria Wednesday but the meeting was postponed because of the sudden death of Iraqi

U.S. Jewish

with Shamii

WASHINGTON (AP) - A top

American Jewish leader said

Tuesday that Palestinian parti-

cipants in proposed Israeli elec-

tions should not be banned for

advocating an independent

would not think that

advocating such a position would be a bar to being elected

or engaging in the elective pro-

cess." Seymour Reich said at a

breakfast meeting with repor-

ters at the National Press Clab.

Reich is head of the national

B'nai B'rith organisation and

chairman of the Conference of

President of Major American

His comments came in reac-

tion to an interview with Israeli

Prime Minister Yitzhak Sha-

mir, published-Tuesday by the

Jerusalem Post, in which Sha-

thir said that Palestinians who

run in his proposed elections

must agree that the occupied

territories will not become an

independent Palestinian na-

Shamir told the newspaper

the agreement would apply to

an interior period of "auton-Gaza Strip and to negotiations

on the final status of the occu-

pled territories.
"If elections are to be con-

ducted they have to be con-

ducted in a free atmosphere of

speech, without threat of vio-lence or intimidation. And I

would think someone seeking

office, running on a platform,

can espouse any position that

they want to including land for

peace, including an indepen-dent Palestinian state. I don't

see anything objectionable to

I think anyone can run as

long as they are not terrorists or identified as such," he con-

U.S. Secretary of State

James Baker will seek backing

for elections in the occupied

territories during his talks with

Soviet Foreign Minister

Ednard Shevardnadze, a Un-ited Arab Emirates (UAE)

newspaper reported Tuesday. Baker and Shevardnadze are

polding their first round of

The Al Ittihad daily quoted an unnamed U.S. official as

(Continued on page 2)

official talks Wednesday.

that," Reich responded.

Jewish Groups.

state for their people.

leader

disagrees

Defence Minister Adnan Khairallah in a helicopter crash last Saturday.

The King said Tuesday the final date for the ACC meeting would be decided following a visit by Mnbarak to Baghdad. Mubarak left Aqaha for Baghdad Tues-day afternoon, and King Hussein said he planned to visit the Iraqi capital Wednesday.

"I think that the atmosphere, the developments and the important issues that the Arab leadership has to solve will lead to a successful summit, God willing," King Hussein told reporters, "We have a lot of things to discuss," he

Tuesday's meeting between the two leaders comes in the context of on-going consultations and coordination between Amman and Cairo on Arab issues and efforts to bring peace to the Middle East. Mubarak was in

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(Agencies) — About one million

Palestinians remained under cur-

few Tuesday in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip while

Palestinians staged a general

strike as their uprising entered its

The curfews covered the entire

Gaza Strip with 750,000 residents

and at least 250,000 Palestinians

in 11 cities and refugee camps in

The Gaza Strip was also sealed

shut for the duration of an Israeli

"memorial" day and "independ-

ence" day Wednesday, making it

the eighth time such a measure

has been used in Gaza since the

Israeli Defence Minister Yit-

zhak Rahin suggested in a news-

paper interview published Tues-

day that Israel was considering

the use of harsher tactics to put

down the uprising, without being

"What I am going to propose,

if I do, is not in the direction of

killing, not tanks or air strikes,

but more freedom for selective

treatment, or selective punish-

ment," Rahin told the Davar

The Maariv newspaper said the

army was considering expelling

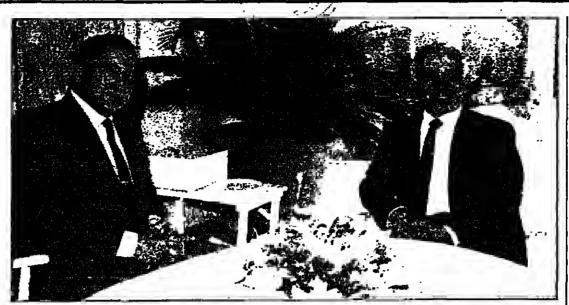
more Palestinians. The occupation

daily without elaborating.

18th month.

the West Bank.

rebellion began.



His Majesty King Hussein with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak at Aqaba Tuesday (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan'.

Amman April 12 following his Egypt was certain to attend the visit to the U.S. and prior to King summit, though it was not clear Hussein's trips to Paris and Washington later that week.

King Hussein said the Aqaha meeting gave the two leaders an opportunity to discuss results of his visits to the U.S. and France. The visits, the King said, com-plemented Muharak's trip to the

King Hassan of Morocco said Monday that the emergency Arab summit would discuss the PLO's peace strategy. The summit is also expected to discuss the Lebanese conflict (See story

Jordan has been pushing for Egypt's readmittance into the Arab League. King Hussein has said that none of the ACC member states will attend the Arah summit unless Egypt was invited. Reuters quoted Arab diplomats in Amman as saying that

army has expelled more than 40

Palestinians to Lebanon since

spokesman said. Three protes-

ters, one of whom later died,

entering Israel for two days.

Palestinians were barred from

Shops in the West Bank and

Gaza closed and public transport

was halted in a general strike

called by underground Palesti-

nian leaders to mark 17 months

since the uprising erupted Dec. 9.

occupied Golan Heights hurned

an Israeli flag in a protest against

Israeli rule, sources said. Israel

Radio said police arrested several

the West Bank staged a demon-

stration in an Arah village Mon-

day, blocking the road to protest

Israelis delay ambulances

cused Israel Tuesday of hindering

ambulances it sends to help

Palestinians injured in the upris-

A United Nations agency ac-

Residents of Ofra settlement in

suspected demonstrators.

against stone-throwing.

Arabs in Masada village on the

January 1988.

were shot, he said.

1987.

how its return to the Arab League would be arranged.

The Casahlanca summit will be Egypt's first since its suspension from the Arab League in 1979 following its signing of the Camp David treaty with Israel. Muharak's political adviser,

Osama Al Baz, who accompanied the Egyptian president to Aqaba, said he believed the Casahlanca summit would give Arah heads of state "the opportunity to continue to limit the gaps between them and to reconcile the different disputing Arab parties." "I think the atmosphere is clear

now; the disputes are more limited and we can deal with it."
Accompanying Mubarak on his
visit were his wife Suzanne, Information Minister Safwat Al Sharif, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Butros Ghali, Minis-

ing in the Gaza Strip.
The Vienna-based U.N. Relief

and Works Agency (UNRWA)

bloodiest days since the uprising

rying injured persons were repe-

atedly stopped and searched by

Israeli military in the Gaza Strip

on 6 May," it said in a statement.

"The agency is gravely con-cerned by this interference with

agency operations, especially on

a day when UNRWA's emergen-

cy medical services were under

extreme pressure dealing with an

exceptionally high number of casualties," it added.

two Palestinians were shot dead

and 41 injured by live ammuni-

tion, and ambulances were held

up while trying to evacuate the

An UNRWA spokesman said a

The 339 injured were con-

firmed cases admitted to UN-

RWA hospitals or clinics in the

Gaza Strip, he said. Seventy-

seven were victims of rubber hul-

lets, 60 were beaten and the rest

overcome by tear-gas.

third person was shot dead in

casualties, it said.

Rafah.

In the Nuseirat refugee camp

"UNRWA ambulances car-

Security forces clashed with said three people were shot dead

Palestinians throwing stones and blocking a street in the West Bank village of Salfit, an army bloodiest days since the uprising

ter of State for Military Production Jamal Al Sayed, Presidential Information Secretary Mustafa Al Faki and chief of the presidential court Zakariya Azmi in addition to Baz.

Meeting the president and his delegation upon their arrival were King Hussein, Her Majesty Queen Noor, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, His Royal Highness Prince Faisal, Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ihn Shaker, Royal Court Chief Thougan Al Hindawi, the King's Political Advisor Adnan Abu Odeh, Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Oasem and the Egyptian charge d'affaires in

Iraqi President Saddam Hussein greeted Muharak on his arrival in Baghdad. The Egyptian leader last visited Iraq in February for the ACC founding

Prime minister outlines programme on administration, civil service, elections

S. Arabia, Kuwait willing to help Jordan — Sharif Zaid

hia and Kuwait are among countries which have expressed favourable response and willingness to support and assist Jordan overcome its financial difficulties following His Majesty King Hussein's contacts with their leaders, Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Ihn Shaker said

Tuesday. Sharif Zaid told the Jordan News Agency. Petra, that Jordan was confident that the Arah sister states would stand by Jordan and help it in this critical stage.

The government has already embarked on studying existing economic policies in Jordan with a view to laying down effective foundations to handle the economic adaptation stage at the national level and to study the side-effects of previous economic resolutions with a view to safeguarding the interests of various sectors of the



Sharif Zaid Ihn Shaker

public, Sharif Zaid said. He said that self-reliance, adjustment to the new circumstances and public awareness were three important elements on which the government

help from brothers and cooperation from friends to assist us to overcome the present crucial economic circumstances," said Sharif Zaid, who took over as prime minister April 27.

The new government will implement the King's directives in a manner that would preserve national and public interest and pave the way for the imple-mentation of the economic adaptation programme and reactivate the national economy so as to contain the effects of the current economic

situation, he said. One of the government's top priorities, he said, is preparing the country to hold a general election in a free and fair manner that would reflect the Kingdom's best image and its aspirations. This step, he said, requires finalisation of all matters

(Continued on page 2)

Shells hammer Beirut; Arabs plan new talks

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Scores of on their way to Damascus before shells smashed into residential setting a place and a time for the areas of Beirut Tuesday sending civilians and soldiers diving for

Security sources said 25 shells exploded near the Defence Ministry of army commander Major-General Michel Aoun and the nearby presidential palace, land-

ing at the rate of three a minute. echoed across west Beirut, under the control of Syrian troops and their Lehanese allies.

The resumption of savage artillery duels caught many people in the open. Women and children cried openly. Men ran cursing, clutching hags of groceries. Several cars ran in to each other.

The fresh fighting hetween army troops loyal to Aoun and Syrian-hacked militias sharrered a six-hour lull.

Local radio stations broadcast appeals for blood donations.

The six-country Arab League committee that engineered a faltering ceasefire in Lebanon is preparing to reconvene following the outbreak of new shelling, its chairman said Tuesday.

"We are now preparing to call a meeting of the six-country ministerial committee to evaluate the situation in Lebanon," Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sahah told repor-

He said the committee was waiting for a report from two Arab League representatives now setting a place and a time for the

An Arab League spokesman in Tunis said the delegation was headed by Lakhdar Ibrahimi, representative of the Arab League secretary general for

He was accompanied by General Ali Al Moumen, a Arab observer team, and Tunisian General Mustapha Darghouth, he said.

A high ranking Jordanian and a Sudanese officer will join the delegation in Damascus. Ahmad Abdul Aziz Al Jassem, representative of the Kuwaiti minister of foreign affairs, who will also meet the delegation during its stopover in Damascus.

The delegation, whose composition was decided during several Arah League meetings in Tunis, will make contacts with all parties involved in the Lehanese

conflict. Two hospitals, one in eastern sector of Beirut and the other in west Beirut, suffered direct hits in

the overnight shelling. Police said four people were killed, including two at west Beirut's Barbir hospital, and 22 wounded in the non-stop har-

After slackening into sporadic exchanges at daybreak, the shelling later intensified around Beirut's southern, eastern and

northern suburhs, a police

spokesman said.

The latest casualties raised the overall toll to 320 people killed and 1,200 wounded since March 8. when the current round of fighting broke out. The withering artillery barrage.

one of the worst in Lebanon's 14 year civil war, engulfed Beirut. some 80 outlying towns and villages in the eastern Bekaa Vallev.

Syrian checkpoints, prime targets for Aoun guns, were deserted Tuesday. Military sources said Aoun's

troops heavily shelled Syrian positions reported to have Sovietmade SAM-6 surface-to-air missiles near the village of Kafar Zahad in the Bekaa Valley five kilometres from the Syrian border. There were no confirmed

The eruption of fresh violence came while several fires raged unabated at hospitals, schools, universities and factories set alight in the previous barrage.

At least 100,000 of Beirut's 1.5 million residents have fled since the latest battles flared over Aoun's blockade of illegal militiacontrolled ports.

U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar has offered to help in any way he can to reestablish a ceasefire in Beirut, his

spokeswoman said Monday.

Spokeswoman Nadia Younes said Perez de Cuellar was in touch with the Arab League committee that called for the truce.

PLO launches drive to join U.N. organisations PARIS (Agencies) - The Pales- states - Algeria, Egypt, Indone-

tine Liberation Organisation (PLO), heightening its campaign for international recognition of Palestine as a state, applied to join the United Nations Economic, Social and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) Tuesday and said it would ask to join two other U.N. bodies.

The request follows the PLO's hid to join the World Health Organisation (WHO), which has sparked United States threats to cut off its substantial contributions if the PLO succeeds in joining the organisation.
Omar Massalha, PLO observer

at the Paris-based UNESCO, said Arab states were studying ways of compensating for the U.S. threat. He said the PLO planned to apply to the Food and Agricul-

ture Organisation (FAO) in Rome and the International Labour Organisation (ILO) in Geneva.

"We will try to join FAO in September and the ILO some time soon," Massalha told Reu-

An application request for the State of Palestine was entered on the UNESCO agenda by seven ber would make it much more

sia, Mauritania, Nigeria, Senegal and North Yemen.

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat has also sent a letter to Director-General Federico Mayor formally requesting admission, Massalha

UNESCO-watchers said the application could count on Third World support and thus stood a fair chance of succeeding. The PLO's full membership could, however, jeopardise Mayor's attempts to reform the agency.
The United States and Britain

puit the organisation in 1984 and 1985 respectively, complaining of mismanagement and misuse of funds. Since then the new director-general has been working hard to attract these two countries back as they used to pay almost one-third of UNESCO's funding.

"Since we're not members we obviously can't tell people what to vote. It's up to the UNESCO member-states to make up their own minds," said U.S. official observer Terry Miller.

"But I think it's clear that the admission of the PLO as a mem-

difficult for the U.S. to consider rejoining the organisation," he told Reuters.

Earlier, Massalha said in a French radio interview that if the United States ceased its financial contribution to WHO then the PLO together with certain Arah states would seek ways to replace these funds.

"We think we can come up with the necessary sums so that the programmes of WHO in Africa especially and in the Third World will not be affected hy American irresponsible in this area." Massalha said. "The United States does not have the right to resort to financial hlackmail each time something does not

please it." Israeli officials said Tuesday they were pessimistic ahout chances of blocking the PLO from gaining full WHO membership.

"It doesn't look very good for us," a senior foreign ministry official said. The 166-nation WHO assem-

bly, meeting in Geneva, is due to vote Wednesday on the PLO application.

King Hassan May 23 summit proposed

RABAT (Agencies) — King Hassan II has proposed that an emergency Arab summit be held in Casablanca May 23-24, to be preceded by a meeting of Arab foreign ministers May 21, the Ministry of Information said in a statement.

The statement was issued late Monday following a meeting between the king and Arab diplomats accredited to Rabat. Hassan informed the ambassadors of the results of his consultations with other Arab

Topping the agenda of the summit will be the latest developments in the Arab-Israeli conflict, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) declaration of an independent Palestine and acceptance of U.N. Resolutions 242 and 338.

The deteriorating situation in Lebanon will also be discussed at the summit, which sources said could mark the return of Egypt to the Arab League fold after a 10-year hiatus following the signing of the Camp David accords. Arab League sources said

the organisation's six-man committee that initiated the latest ceasefire in Lebanon will meet before the summit and prepare a report for the heads

PLO postpones visit

A PLO delegation has postoned a trip to Syria due to take place this week, a PLO source said Tuesday.

"The delay is due to the heavy schedule of Palestinian leaders and the visit will taka place soon," probably before the summit starting in Morocco May 23, the source said.

Panama polls termed rigged; U.S. considering 'all options'

PANAMA (Agencies) - First official results of Panama's national elections, denounced by the opposition and U.S. observers as a fraud, show the progovernment coalition winning by a large margin, state television said Tuesday.

The results were announced a day after former U.S. President Jimmy Carter accused military strongman General Manuel Antonio Noriega of stealing the elections.

Unofficial exit polls by the Catholic church showed the opposition winning Sunday's elections by a three-to-one Returns from four of 40 elec-

tion districts showed Noriega's presidential candidate. Carlos Duque, leading opposition candidate Guillermo Endara by 80,646 votes to 54,437.

The announcement came after Carter said Noriega's men were stealing the vote with counterfeit tallies. It also followed a street demonstration by more than 15,000 protesters Monday that was broken up by gunfire. Three people were wonnded, one "I hope there will be a worl-

dwide outcry against this dictator stealing the election from his own people," said Carter, who was part of an international observer group invited by the Panamanian government.

Voting ended fate Sunday afternoon, but the government electoral tribunal received no votes to count until late Monday because of raids polling precincts hy Noriega's troops, who scooped up hallot counts throughout the nation

President George Bush is considering all options for responding to the rigged presidential elections in Panama, election observers said.

"He didn't leave anything out of the discussion, every conceivable range of options was discussed," said Congressman John Murtha, who headed the obser-

ver delegation. Members of the observer team. which met with Bush at the White House Tuesday morning to give their recommendations, said they had witnessed widespread fraud

Their advice included the possibility of military action in the Central American nation, where the United States has military bases and a large troop presence.

"There's a lot more support for that option today than there was say six months or a year ago, said Sen. Connie Mack, another member of the observer team.

Observer team members said much would depend on the Panamanian people and how they react to official results from Sun-

day's halloting.
The first official results were issued more than 40 hours after

the polls closed. Both the government and opposition had earlier claimed victory in the elections, viewed as a plebiscite on army chief Noriega, Panama's effective ruler, who has resisted more than a

year of U.S. attempts to oust

Violent clashes erupted in Panama City streets Monday after riot police halted a march by thousands of opposition supporters demanding the government recognise what they saw as their

Moscow's help in persuading

saying Washington was seeking

Number of uprising casualties — confusing but rising

By Eileen Alt Powell The Associated Press

GAZA CITY, Occupied Gaza Strip - Dr. Habis Wahadi and other emergency-room staff at Ahli Arab Hospital said they treated 35 Palestinians for gunshot wounds from confrontations with Israeli troops in the Gaza Strip one day last

But when Wahadi watched television that night, Israeli news reports quoted the army as saying just 20 people were wounded in clashes both in Gaza and the occupied West Bank.

"It obviously doesn't compute," Wahadi said, looking at the hospital's log book. "And the difference seems to be getting bigger every day." Depending on who is asked, 352, 423 or 456

Palestinians died from the start of the uprising through April. Injury figures ranged from 5,667 to nearly 25,000.

Much of the difference can be traced to how various groups determine who is a casualty. In addition, the Israeli army blames some of the discrepancy on difficulties in gathering dala, especially on days when casualties occur in far-flung rural villages.

But military officials also charge that Arab-run hospitals and human-rights groups have begun exaggerating figures to try to retain world interest as the uprising drags into its 18th month.

The latest example of a wide discrepancy came last Saturday, when J.N. officials reported 158 people wounded b Israeli army gunfire in widespread clashes 1 the Gaza Strip and three deaths. The army sai 77 were wounded and two

The U.N. Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) which supervises aid for Palestinian refugees, said casualties reached a record 405 Gaza residents wounded by Israeli gunfire in April, 11 of whom died. The previous monthly high was 248

In contrast, the army's statistics for April, available only for the first 27 days, show just 198 Gazans wounded.

"I won't deny that there is some misreporting," said a U.N. medical officer who asked that his name not be used.

On one issue there is no disagreement: many of the wounded Palestinians are giving false names to hospitals.

One Gaza youth, who admitted falsifying his name when he sought treatment for a bullet in the teg, said he feared arrest.

By Rosaline Mandine

USIA Staff Wniter

WASHINGTON - The Palesti-

nian uprising has proven a chal-lenge not only to Israel, but to the

Palestinians themselves as they

seek to translate their resistance

into an independent state, said

the closing speaker at a two-day

symposium sponsored hy

Georgetown University's Centre

for Contemporary Arab Studies

The Palestinians must harness

the energy of the intifada and

"compel it into a coherent prog-

ramme," said Dr. Edward Said of

Columbia University, during his

closing address Monday to the

symposium "The Palestinians:

Said characterised the intifada

as a "self-teaching apparatus."

The intifada is "a constant educa-

tional effort ... away from the

dependency on the Israeli sys-tem," he stated.

of experts who discussed the fu-

ture of any possible Palestinian

state. The experts agreed that the

intifada had brought about a

sense of euphona and a shared

awareness of the challenges along

the road to creating an indepen-

The experts said that any

obstacles that may surface were

not reasons to dismiss the right of

a Palestinian state to exist. Stres-

sing this point. George Abed,

director of the Welfare Associa-

tion in Geneva, said that "a

Palestinian state does not require

confirmation by arguments of

economic viability...the argu-

ments about economic viability

are strictly those of practical mat-

ters on how best to make use of

independence and not about the

fundamental right of Palestinians

The experts outlined the poli-

tical, economic and strategic chal-

lenges facing a Palestinian state

to independence."

Said's address followed a panel

New Ditections.

dent state.

Palestinian state would face

many challenges, experts say

structure of such a state.

Laurie Brand, a research fel-

low at the Institute for Palestine

Studies, stated that a democtatic

Palestinian state has a good

chance of floutishing despite the

many domestic and regional chal-

lenges it will face. Among the

factors that bode well for the

future of an independent state

are: the experience gained from the intifada, the high level of

education of Palestinians, an ac-

existence of Palestinian human

The intifada and the gradual

transformation of the Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO)

from a revolutionary organisation

into a bureaucracy are also play-

ing a part in the future structure

of any such state, according to

Leadership

ture state would most likely be

drawn from the current lead-

ership of the PLO, while the next

level will be the younger genera-

tinn of Palestinians who live in

the territories, she said. PLO

factions will convert into political

parties, with PLO Chairman Yas-

ser Arafat's wing, Fatch, having

the widesi support, Brand said.

The Palestine National Council

has pledged its commitment to

parliamentary democracy and a

draft constitution will be ready

sometime this summer, she

The most critical period for

such a new state would be the

reahsorption of refugees, said

Brand. There should be a high

priority to civil stability during

Tackling the economic obsta-

cles facing such a state will be a

priority for the Palestinian lead-

ership, George Abed said. The

new leadership must devise a

development programme that

this period, she added.

The top leadership of any fu-

Brand.

rights organisations, she said.

"Look, if you give my real name (to the hospital), they'll report it to the army," he said on condition of anonymity. "The army will come looking for me because they figure if "I've been sbot. I was throwing stones. I don't intend to go

to jail."

The false reporting of names prompted the army's regional commander, Yitzhak Mordechai, to suggest Arab doctors were padding bospital records with names drawn at random from telephone books.

"It just isn't true," Wahadi said. "A gunsbot wound is a gunshot wound, whether the boy gives

his name as Mohammad or Khaled." A colleague, who asked that his name not be used, said fear of arrest actually led to underreporting of Palestinian casualties.

We know of some shebab (youths) who go quietly to local doctors rather than risk register-

ing at hospitals," he said.

The biggest statistical problems stem from disagreement over who to count in fatality tolls and what constitutes a wounded person.

The army counts only deaths it can confirm were caused by military gunfire, beatings or other actions. Its total through April 27 was 352 Palestinians killed.

But the Jerusalem-based Israeli Information Centre for Human Rights in the Occupied Territories counts 423 Palestinians dead through

The group, set up by liberal Israelis to monitor the uprising, includes death reports from hospitals that the army says it cannot confirm because bodies were taken for burial before autopsy. It also includes 18 killings blamed on Israeli settlers. But, like the army, it excluded killings of Palestinians suspected of collaborating with

The Associated Press' count was 456 at the end of April, including 42 collaborators and the deaths caused by Israeli settlers.

The disparity in injury tallies is even greater. The army, which only counts those Palestinians who require hospitalisation as a result of army action, says a total of 5,667 Palestinians were wounded in the past 17 months.

UNRWA uses a broader definition that includes all people who seek medical treatment, including out-patient care for tear-gas inhalation or first aid for bruises from beatings or rubber bullets. It says nearly 25,000 Palestinians were injured through April 15, including 4,582 wound-

economy, absorb the substantial

number of returning refugees,

and lay the foundation for sus-

tainable growth over the long-term, he said. The Palestinian

economy faces obstacles such as a

declining public infrastructure, a

stagnated industrial sector, water

shortages in Gaza, and a decline

of highly skilled workers in the

territories, according to Abed.

The leadership must concentrate

initially on physical intrastructure

Population factors

Housing requirements for the

incoming refugees may prove "the most daunting challenge."

he added. In addition to the

340,000 Palestinians living in re-

fugee camps, Abed estimated that up to 700,000 Palestinians

will return in the first two to three

years. The population in such a

Palestinian state could reach 3.2

million by the year 2000, he

Despite these challenges, a

Palestinian state could be econo-

mically viable, Abed stated. An

independent state can proceed on

a course of sustained economic

growth, provided it is given the

"political underpinnings of inde-

pendence and reinforced by suffi-

cient natural and human re-

Valerie Yorke, a freelance wri-

ter and broadcaster on Middle

East issues, discussed strategic

challenges facing a such a state. A

top challenge for the Palestinian

leadership is convincing Israel that an independent Palestinian

state does not pose a strategic

threat to its security, according to Yotke. She said that a full-

fledged army in a Palestinian

state "doesn't make sense" and

that a strong internal military

altitudes. Winds will be northwesterly

strong freshening at tunes and causing dust in the southern and eastern areas.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 24, Aquita 29, Humidaly readings: Amitan 15 per cent. Aquita 22 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE

force is all that is needed.

sources," he said.

and offered ideas on the future will reorient and restructure the

tive Palestinian press and the and manpower development, he



A Jewish settler hrandishes a machinegun against Palestinian protesters. At least 18 Palestinians have been killed by settlers in the 18-month-old uprising

Premier outlines programme

Continued from page 1 related to the preparation of

voter lists in all regions. "We are looking forward with confidence and optimism towards the new parliament. which would shoulder the responsibility on behalf of the Jordanian people and work side by side with the government to implement policies and steps that would safeguard national interests and help-our country and our citizens to overcome the critical circumstances and lead the way towards the future dence," Sharif Zaid said.

Sharif Zaid said the government would also implement the King's directives on restructuring of public administration in Jordan with a view to introducing reform that would help the country cope with the requirements of social development. Public administration should be reformed to cope with economic and social development in the Kingdom and this step entails the development of laws to adapt them to realities and the choice of qualified personnel with a view to placing the right man in the right position. Sharif

Zaid said. He said an integrated programme on administrative development which was prepared by the Civil Service Commission in cooperation with a Un-

ited Nations team of experts would soon be presented to the Council of Ministers.

The prime minister said civil service should be promoted and developed in form and content so as to present the best possible service to the public and to facilitate matters for them by cutting down on unjustified procedures.

This step, he said, requires opening the doors for all citizens to accept and discuss different views in a show of mutual tespect and in a mannet characterized with responsible

ity and integrity. The prime minister warned the public against giving attention to fabrications by "the enemy, who is intent on exploiting the present situation by spreading rumours designed to create confusion and shake confidence and harm national unity or cast doubt on the country's potentials and its sound course

of action.' He said that the people's awareness and the government's keenness on conveying to the public all the facts. together with its determination to implement the King's directives and the people's total support for their leader, constitute a true guarantee towards tidying the country over its present difficulties and moving towards further progress.

Jewish leader disagrees

Continued from page 1 the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Syria to

accept the election plan. The Soviet Union already has rejected the plan.

In its Washington-dated dis-patch, Al Ittihad said Baker would outline the plan in Moscow. It provides:

- For easing tension in the occupied territories and creating ao appropriate atmosphere

 That political dialogue replace violence.

- That elections be only the first stage in a comprehensive - For the release of political

prisoners from Israeli jails. - For free elections without interference by the occupation authorities.

 That a transitional period nf several years should precede



Mauritania-Senegal war of words flares; Mitterrand steps in

DAKAR (Agencies) — Senegal and Mauritania, at odds since last month's bloody ethnic riots, have intensified their war of words and France stepped in to cool tension between two of the world's poorest nations.

Senegal, incensed by Mauritania's charge that it was to blame for the nots which killed hundreds of people, accused its neighbour Monday of virtually declaring war,

"Speaking as an ordinary citizen, I would describe (Mauritanian) President Mohammad Maaouya Ould Sid ahmad Taya's accusations as in effect a declaration of war," a close aide to Senegal's President Abdou Diouf said on Dakar state radio. The Senegalese leader has

made no ditect comment. In a speech Sunday night. Taya denied eyewilness teports of widespread killings in Mauritania. He accused Senegalese security forces of turning a blind eye when Mauritanians and their property were attacked.

The flare-up was caused by a border incident April 9 mvem grazing rights in which two Senegalese farmers were killed.

French Socialist President Francois Mitterrand, anxious to soothe passions in the region haired but on ahead of a French-speaking consaid Monday.

ference due in a fortnight in Senegal, sent his son and chief adviser for African affairs to both capitals. "France is very saddened by

the sufferings endured in these two nations. We are anxious to see peace return in your hearts and in your lives," he told reporters after talks with Diouf. French diplomats in Dakar said

France's move was carefully timed to maintain a delicate balance between its two west African allies and formet colonies. Senegal's ptivate and state

media unanimously condemned Taya's speech. Opposition leaders were given generous access to radio and television to air their views in a tare display of national The official news agency APs

accused Mauritanian security forces of collusion with riots which it said led to "a premeditated slaughter of Senegalese."

Analysts and diplomats said Senegalese media attacks on Taya could tekindle anti-Mauritanian feelings and lead to more violence.

Information Minister Robert Sagna utged Senegal's eight million people to stay calm. "We have no need for revenge of haired but only for peace," he

Senegalese military sources said up to 31,000 Mauritanians have been flown home in a weeklong international airlift. About 45,000 people, most of them Senegalese, were repairiated by plane from Mauritania.

Thousands of others were believed to have crossed the border by road across the River Senegal. The size of the Mauritanian community in Senegal before the turmoil was estimated at 300,000. most of them bush traders,

Taya, in his Sunday address, said the April 9 incident was not the real cause of the strife, but only a pretext. He called for compensation to

Mauritanians whose shops were looted and sacked in Senegal and the teturn of money he said Senegalese authorities confiscated before expelling them.

The speech was viewed as a response to a televised address a week earlier by Diouf.

Diouf had denounced the "in-human and degrading treatment" of Senegalese in Mauritania and accused the Nouakchott government of being behind the vio-

Taya said: "The government statement and the statement of the Senegalese president gave the impression of an instigation to carry out mote of these acts."

Afghan army increases use of long-range missiles against rebels

KABUL IR) — The Afghan army has resorted to increased use of Soviet-supplied long-range missiles in an apparent bid to thwart Mujahedeen plans for new offensives against major cities near the Pakistani border.

Military units in Kabul have fired volleys of missiles at rebel positions in the past two days. sending shock-waves through the capital and shattering the morn-

ing peace.
The missiles with a range of 380 kilometres are usually fired at dawn, trailing a blazing path over the Afghan capital as they travel south towards the provinces of Nangarhar, Paktia, Kandahar and Gazni.

The government say the missiles, flown in on Soviet transport planes. have played a major role in destroying Mujahedeen concentrations, supplies and defence

At least one of the missiles overshot rebel positions in Afghanistan and landed in Pakistani territory, causing widespread damage last month.

The missiles combined with air strikes have proved the most effective weapon against Mujahedeen forces who launched an

offensive against the eastern city

aim of capturing it as a base for a rival government. The offensive failed but the Mujahedeen, have spoken of plans

for a new offensive to break the will of government troops defending vulnerable cities near the Pakistani border. The government has responded

hy reinforcing the Jalalabad garrison and maintains it has the power to smash any new push by the Western-hacked rebels.

A government spokesman said the rebels had launched a new attack on Jalalabad Friday, but the army had pushed them back and in some areas made gains.

The spokesman said government troops were conducting mopping up operations around Jalalabad aftet capturing a numbr of Mujahedeen posts.

The government bas capitalised on the Mujahedeen failure to capture any significant military objective since the last Soviet troops left Afghanistan Feb. 15. It has launched a campaign to divide the opposition and portray

the rebel leaders as warmongers. The pro-Soviel government of President Najihullah, saying thete is no military solution to the 10-year-old Afghan war, has of an Islamic republic.

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Other Flights (Terminal 2)

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23:05 Tripoli, Damascus [19:1]

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

DEPARTURES

(Terminal (1)

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of Jalalabad in March with the offered to share power in a coalition government and even said it is ready to step down if that would ensure peace in the impovenished country.
The government, however, has

said the opposition must treat the ruling People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan (PDPA) as an equal partner in any negotiations.

Najibullah said at the weekend that a large number of Mujahedeen commanders operating inside Afghanistan had contacted the government, offering to join the national reconciliation prog-

ramme announced last year. Under the programme Mujahedeen field čommanders would be allowed to keep their arms and administer areas under their control, provided they stopped fighting.

Najibullah often refers to rebel commanders inside Afghanistan as "my dear brothers" while condemning their mentors hased in Pakistan as puppets of foreign powers hent on destroying

Afghanistan. The divided Mujahedeen alliance has spurned all peace talks with Najihullah and pledged to fight on until the establishment

JORDAN TELEVISION

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal londanian (RJI) information depart-

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Al Al Bayt conference set for June 19

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Royal Academy for Islamic Civilian Reearch (Al Al Bayt Foundation) holds its 7th general conference in Amman on June 19, with 120 scholars from various parts of the world attending, according to the foundation President Naseruddin

In a statement to the Arabic daily Sawt Al Shaah, Assad has said that His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan will take part in the conference, which will be attended by orientalists, well-known for their integrity and objectivity in research, in addition to scholars from Syria, Lebanon, Jordan, Iraq, Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Oman, Egypt, Sudan, Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco, Yemen Arab Republic, Peoples Democratic Republic of Yemen, United Arab Emirates, Pakistan, India, Turtey, Iran Brunei, Malaysia. Soviet Union, France, West Germany, Luxembourg, United States, Senegal, Libya, China,

Tarwan, Austria and Cyprus. The conference forms the framework for a symposium entitied knowledge and civilisanon, and another symposium on Prophet Mohammad's deeds and

sayings (hadith) and the hadirh's role in promoting knowledge and building civilisation. The symposium focuses on three aspects: Collecting data about all conferences and symposiums held to study Prophet Mohammad's Sunna and identifying the studies and research carried out on this subject so as not to reolicate them. Such studies and research will be subject to deliberate study, analysis and evaluation.

The second aspect deals with the efforts currently underway to collect the hadith and using the computer for compiling and classifying it, and then studying, analysing and evaluating it. The third aspect tackles the badith as a source of information, legislation and as advocacy tool. It also addresses the relation between Koran and Sunna and outlines the various kinds and categories of Sunna, in accordance with its accuracy and strength, in addition to inference rules and inference

The conference will also discuss the role of Sunna in shaping the Islamic personality and preparing ir to cope with modern

QAF to organise drama seminar

will organise a three-day training seminar on drama in education by the end of May, according to a QAF spokesperson Tuesday.

He said that a group of experts from Jordan and Arah and foreign countries who will take part in the seminar. They represent various educational organisations. A total of six working papers dealing with effects of drama and theatre on children, puppet shows and other related topics will be reviewed.

Patrick Retsell, a British expert taking part in the seminar will review his country's experiment in this form of education and will put::up a demonstration with a class of children. The seminar, according to the spokesperson, is part of QAF's programme to ungrade teachers knowledge, enrich educationalists information and help improve the quality of teaching for young children.

The QAF's programme entails

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Queen ment of the efficiency of people working for welfare associations and is aimed largely at training kindergarten and children clubs teachers that belong to welfare organisations in the various governorates of the Kingdom.

The training programme benefits teachers who earlier attended courses or new teachers in the field.

The training of teachers programme is one of numerous activities carried out by the QAF's teams around the country, Other activities include launching projects like the establishment of centres for social services of which several already exist in a number of areas, support for private voluntary organisations, rural development, and the rehabi-

litation of bandicapped children. The rural development programme entails efforts to support development of remote villages and rural areas of Jordan and ways to motivate local inhabitants The QAF's programme entails to engage in productive activities in their local communities.

Horse owners compete at Petra

AMMAN (J.T.) - In an attempt dies, bridles and cash, and all to encourage horse owners to participants will receive a rosette. pricie in their anim look after them properly, the Princess Alia Veterenary Clinic at Petra is organising a competition for the best kept and best

turned out tourist borse Thursday May 11. Judging the competition will be Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Al Hussein, patron of the Brooke Hospital of which the Princess Alia Clinic is an affiliate. According to Chris Larter, representative of the Brooke Hospital in Tordan, prizes will include sad-

1...:00 noon at the clinic, across the wadi, left of the track which leads to the siq, opposite the

Flying in from England to attend the competition will be Richard Cearight, the organising secretary of the competition and the grandchild of lady Brooke, the founder of the Brooke Hospital. He will be accompanied by his father. Major Philip Cearight, chairman of the Brooke Hospital.

go' ernment resthouse.

Walk-race set for Friday

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan Amateur Athletics Federation will hold a walk-race on Friday. May 12. in Amman. A federation spokesman said that preparations for the event bave now been

completed and that men and women of all ages will have the opportunity to participate in the walk with no fees. At the end of the race awards will be presented to the winners.

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

KAKKOUSH MEETS ENVOY: Tunisian Prime Minister Hadi Bakkoush Tuesday received Jordan's ambassador to Tunisis Talal Ata'an Al Hassan, who conveyed to him the greetings of Prime Minister Sharif Zaid Iba Shaker, and discussed with him a number of issues of mutual interest: Bakkousb requested Hassan to convey his best wishes and greetings to Sharif Zaid and voiced his country's keen interest in developing and further enhancing bilateral relations. (Petra)

CULTURAL LINKS: The director of the Music Art Department and the Iraqi Ministry of Culture and Information technical adviser Munir Bashir, arrived in Amman Tuesday on a several-day visit to Jordan for talks with Jordanian officials on scopes of cooperation in cultural festivals, particularly the Babylon and Jerasb festivals. Bashir will also hold talks with officials from Noor Al Hussein Foundation on cooperation in the field of music between Jordan and Iraq (Petra)

TRUSTEE: The board of trustees of the Saddam Islamic Sciences University of Iraq has elected Sheikb Mohammad Shaqra from Jordan to serve as member of the board. Shaqra is director of the Zakat (alms for the poor) Fund (Petra).

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

* A plastic art exhibition by Moha Tunisiyyeh at the Housing Gallery.

The May art exhibition at Al Wasiti Art Gallery, Plaza Hotel. An art exhibition by Helen Grant at the Petra Bank Art

FILM

A British film entitled "Far From the Madding Crowd" at the British Council — 6:00 p.m.

King cables Husak, receives Saddam's reply cable

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday sent a cable of good wishes to Czechoslovak President Gustav Husak on the anniversary of

Czechoslovakia's liberation day.

In his cable the King wished the president continued health and happiness and the Czechoslovak people further progress and prosperity.
On Monday evening the King received a cable from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein in reply to the King's cable of condolences on the death of Iraqi Defence Minister Adnan Khairallah in a helicooter crash last Friday.

The president voiced Iraq's appreciation of the King's sympathy over the death of the late Khairallah who he said had assumed a distinguished position in the ranks of the Iraqi armed forces that defended Arab soil.

New media campaign begins today

Breast feeding: Stepping forward by stepping back

By Mariam Shahin Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- Recent international studies indicate that breastfeeding, has reemerged as a widely accepted practice in many parts of the world, including Jordan, and many developed countries where cosmic considerations used to be stumbling block in the process of offering the baby the best natural care.

Over 90 per cent of Jordanian women are aware of the benefits in breastfeeding but their practices do not conform with the awareness, according to studies conducted by the Health Communication for Child Survival Project, (Healthcom), a Noor Al Hussein Foundation project in the field of maternal and child health care in the Kingdom.

Precisely for this reason, a national campaign gets under way Wednesday with the aim of encouraging mothers to breastfeed their babies more effectively and efficiently. The mediums of the campaign, organised by the Noor Al Hussein Foundation, include the audio-visual media, design radio and print messages.

In a preview of the campaign material presented last week, the foundation screened nine short films. The audience included journalists, Health Ministry officials. NHF staff and other concerned individuals as well as those who participated in the making and launching of the cam-

Addressing the gathering, Inam Al Mufti, Director of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation who deputised for Her Majesty Queen Noor, emphasised the role of the media in health awareness campaigns and paid tribute to the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) and the Academy for Educational Development (AED) in Washington D.C. as well as Jordan's Ministry of Health, Jordan Television and Arab Telemedia Services for contributing to the foundation's project.

Dr. Sima Bahous, a communications expert and director

In the developing world, breast-fed babies grow better and are more

likely to survive. But bottle-feeding is on the increase — putting millions

of the project, explained that were produced by the Arab Tele-Healthcom's aim was to increase the impact of Jordan's child survival programmes through improved communication.

Primary attention is given to promoting effective breastfeeding practices and hirth spacing. The promotional films and radio advertisements, which will be presented on Jordanian television of today, will stress three prac-tices closely linked to successful hreastfeeding: the initiation of breastfeeding immediately after birth, the delay of all supplements until four to six months and the frequent and intensive sucking to increase the mothers production of milk.

These practices are also closely related to ammonorrhea and contraceptive protection for the nursing mother.

Dr. Bahous pointed out that these points were seen as primary since the Healthcom studies indicated that:

- Almost 75 per cent of Jordaments to mother's milk before they were breastfed.

second day.

infants are given supplements needs. other than breast milk during the first four months. These practices are not compatible with proper breastfeeding

childcare, particularly that im-

proper breastfeeding deprives the baby of the special benefits of colostrum contained in mother's Ayman Abu Laban, the project's to two years. evaluation specialist, Outlined the aim of the campaign. "The main aim is to assist Jordanian women

to breastfeed effectively; to maintain an adequate supply of breastmilk; and to ensure that the infant receives all the benefits of breastfeeding, including optimum nutrition and protection from disease.

The nine television advertisements, which range in length from 30 seconds to one minute,

media Services and directed by Jordan's Sawsan Darwaze. A specialised Egyptian team of technical advisors from the Centre for Development Communications in Egypt provided technical assistance. They have produced nine films in the health communica-

tions previously. The messages that the films and radio at regular intervals as and parallel radio programmes, radio advertisements carry are

> Begin hreastfeeding within the first six hours after birth. Avoid all liquids other than breastmilk, including glucose water and teas, in the period imediately after hirth.

> · Take advantage of the availability of colostrum at birth by ensuring that the mother gives the colostrum to the infant immediately after birth.

> - Breastfeeding in response to the demand of the infant rather than following a predetermined

schedule. Almost 75 per cent of Jordanian infants were given supple-including milk products and juices, during the first six months

of the infant's life, — 28 per cent of mothers delay — Developing the skills and breastfeeding until after the knowledge mothers need to increase their milk production to - 43 per cent of Jordanian meet their infant's nutritional

> - Increasing rest, liquids and nutrition for breastfeeding mothers to support successful breastfeeding.

Encouraging correct weaning practices, including avoidance of abrupt or sudden weaning, which can have negative physical and emotional effect on the child, Dr. Bahous, along with Dr. delaying complete weaning for up

Minister of Health Dr. Zuhair Malhas, who chaired the preview indicated in his closing statements, that the practices Healtheom advocates in Jordan are seen as priority recommendations for maternal child bealth care in Jordan.

The Healthcom project's implementation has been made possible through the collaboration of the Ministry of Health, the USAID and the AED.

> cool and no convenien way of sterrissing the



Ministry prepares for expatriates conference

AMMAN (J.T.) — Committees set up by the Ministry of Labour to prepare the ground for the fifth Jordanian expatriates conference have embarked on their task, according to a report in the Al Ra'i Arabic daily Tuesday. The paper said that the committees are involved in inviting representatives of expatriates living in a number of Arab and foreign countries and in putting together an agenda which includes working papers dealing with a host of issues of concern to the Jordanian expatriates.

is due to open under Royal patronage in July is expected to examine a working paper dealing with higher education in Jordan and the question of accepting expatriates' children in Jordanian universities and allowing expatriates to set up a private university in the Kingdom, according to the report. It said that the chance for establishing the private university was offered in a 1989 law on private universities in the Kingdom.

Last month, the projected private university's coordinator Seif Al Ramahi said that Jordanian The coming conference which expatriates working in the Gulf countries raised 40 per cent of the total capital needed for the uni-

versity which would be established in the outskirts of Amman. Ramahi said that so far JD 4

million have been raised out of a total capital of JD ItI million and that funds have been deposited at the banks pending approval by the expatriates at their coming meeting.

Earlier expatriates conferences in Amman decided on a number of measures that would ensure better and stronger relations between the expatriates and their home country. The establishment of the private university to be known as the University of Applied Sciences was one of the various decisions.

Fire destroys 5 stores in Abdali

Defence and Public Security Departments Tuesday embarked on investigations into the cause of a huge fire that engulfed five stores at Abdali district in Amman resulting in heavy material losses.

The fire which took two hours to put out completely destroyed stores owned by the Jordan Express Company situated next to Ministry of Agriculture's stores in the same district, according to press reports.

Civil Defence Department (CDD) officials said that no one had reported the fire or asked for CDD fire engines to put it out, but that CDD men had spotted beavy smoke over the Abdali district and sent in fire engines to check and deal with any fire that could have caused it. Finding that the fire had spread rapidly, requiring a bigger force of fire fighters, the CDD soon ordered further reinforcements which suc-

ceeded in containing the fire that broke out at dusk, the officials

They said that the flames which totally burned down the contents of the five stores, rose sometimes to 40 metres high. The stores contained machinery, furniture, wooden boards and a pick-up truck among other things, all of which were burnt beyond recog-

nition, according to the officials.
They said that the cause of the fire was not immediately known although they suspected the presence of flammable materials and oils and plastic products at the time of the fire which helped fuel

According to these officials, additional precautions were taken to prevent the fire from spreading to the Ministry of Agriculture's neighbouring nine sotres which also contained huge amounts of veterinary medicine. and other materials. They said

that 20 fire engines were used to fight the fire. The CDD was also involved in

the past few days of the Eid Al Fitr holiday in a number of rescue and first aid operations in the country. The CDD report said that 20 vehicles were involved in road accidents and 25 fires broke out in a number of places for which fire engines were called out to offer help. The fires occurred in homes and farms causing material damage and some injuries, the report said.

A report in the local press Tuesday said that although no major accidents or incidents were reported in the past holiday, a total of 5,000 people called at health centres and hospitals around the country secking medical treatment for food poisoning, injuries as a result of falls and road accidents, burns and fights.

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of infants at risk. (UNICEF) THE ADVANTAGES OF MOTHER'S MILK BETTER NOTRITION east-milk has all the proteins, vitamins and inerals e baby neads for the first lew months rished molhers, sludies show that breast-fed babies are twice as likely achieve normal weight for age. Mother's milk also immunize the intant against common ailments — reducing by as much as 50% the risk of diarrhoea and DANGERS OF THE NATURAL CONTRACEPTION BOTTLE Although not a reliable method breast-leeding has a powerful contraceptive effect. In many 1. LACK OF SYCIENE AND are exposed to intection vie contaminated bottles, leats and countries, it is the most important factor in preventing another pregnancy in the first 2. ILLITERACY - many mothers in poor communities canno ead the instructions on how much powder to BREAST BEST IN WEST A CODE TO PROTECT INFANTS use and how to make a Information about breast-milk's superiority has led to e change back to breast-leading in the in 1981, the World Health Assembly adopted an International Code of Marketing" to help stop 3. EXPENSE — buying the irresponsible promotion of breast-milk enough commercial baby-milk can take up THE ACTION SO FAR to halt e poor lemily's 33 Governments have banned all advertising of breast-milk substitutes to the public. 4. OVER-MUSTION using less than the 17 Countries are running mass media campaigns to promote the advantages of breast-milk ol milk-powder can lead Countries have brought in netional 'Codes' to regulate the marketing of powdered milk end 5. HEAT - most poor mothers have nowbe to keep bottled milk

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Summit urgently needed

HOLDING an Arab summit in Morocco on May 23 as projected would be most timely if not overdue. With two bloodbaths occurring in the Arab heartlands, one in Lebanon and the other in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, he Arab World would be derelict in its national obligations and duties not to convene such a summit at this juncture. If there is ever an urgent need for the Arab leaders to meet with a view to resolving the pressing issues and conflicts confronting the Arah peoples and governments it is now. It is common knowledge that there is now a deliberate escalation of Israeli oppression against Palestinians struggling for liberty and self-determination. The rise of Palestinian casualties of late is a living testimony of this Israeli aggressive strategy to silence the Palestinian struggle come what may. Likewise, in Lebanon, the guns of the protagonists have erupted once again during the 'Eid Al Fitr and this time with a vengeance unparalleled in recent events in that country. If such conflicts are not grave enough to warrant an Arab summit to deal with them one does not know what

Granted any such Arab summit does not possess a magic wand with which to settle the Palestinian and Lebanese crises; nevertheless an effort must be made by the Arab kings and heads of state to deliberate among themselves on how to stop the bleeding amidst the Arab World and how to start the real process for the resolution of such issues and any other issues or problem that faces the Arab Nation.

To begin with the six-member Arab League Ministerial Committee charged with the impossible mission of settling the Lebanese conflict needs to be beefed up by Arab determination at the highest level possible to put an end to the cycle of violence there. Everyone knows by now that the crisis in Lebanon is basically an inter-Lebanese problem and that once that dimension is resolved everything else will follow suit including the resolution of the Israeli occupation of southern Lebanon. Equally relevant is the exercise of Arab political will to come to the rescue of the bleeding Palestinians who are well into the 18th month of their glorious uprising. There is Arab silence over what goes on daily in the West Bank and Gaza Strip and this silence cannot be broken except with an Arab summit.

For all these reasons and many others, one looks forward to the next Arab summit with great deal of anticipation and

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i daily newspaper on Tuesday commented on statements hy Israel's Foreign Minister Moshe Arens in which he launched an attack on France in the wake of PLO leader's visit to Paris and his meetings with President Francois Mitterrand. The statements and threats by Israeli leaders to quell the intifada in the occupied Arab territories both display the rigid mentality of the Zionist leadership and its impotence to deal with the situation at hand or to learn lessons from past events, the paper noted. If said that this behaviour on the part of Israeli leaders indicates clearly that Zionism is going ahead with plans to undermine peace and keep the Middle East in a whirlpool of violence and instability. This situation calls on the international community to exercise pressure on the Zionist state to recognise the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people in their homeland and calls for the major powers of the world to pool their efforts to end Israel's occupation of Palestinian land, the paper said. Indeed the United States should move ahead of all other world powers and take action to stop Israel's atrocities instead of trying to stop the PLO from being accepted as member of the World Health Organisation (WHO), said the paper. Should the Americans opt to join the European Community in exerting pressure on Israel to force it to change its position, the paper coocluded, the chance for the establishment of a comprehensive peace would be far greater and brighter than ever before.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily attacks Iran's call on the PLO to kill Westerners as part of the Palestinian struggle for freedom. Mahmoud Rimawi says that the Iranian leaders have claimed in the past that they were serious in taking action towards liberating the holy places of Palestine and have been very active in propaganda campaigns to achieve that goal, but it soon turned out that the Iranians were working closely with the Zionists against the Palestinian people and cooperating with Israel in arms deals and other matters in open hostility towards the Arab World. Ten years have passed now since the mullahs came to power in Tehran and nothing has been achieved to help the Palestinians regain their legitimate rights, and all that we hear now is a call by the speaker of Iran's parliament on the Palestinians to turn terrorists in their bid to liberate their usurped territories, the writer points out. Rafsanjani has called on the Palestinians to commit murder against innocent people because he said they can be found around the world since it is not possible to kill Israelis, the writer adds. Rafsanjani seems to have lost his mind or forgotten that the Palestinian people have been the victims of terrorism and they are waging a legitimate war of liberation not an act of terrorism which is exercised by Iran and its leaders the writer points out. The Palestinians, the writer notes, recognise their real enemies and are not in need of Rafsanjani's mad advice to launch acts of terrorism and criminal actions.

Al Dustour daily said that the Palestinian intifada now enters its 18th month with no let up on the part of the Palestinian freedom fighters in their struggle to achieve independence. As the intifada escalates and gathers force the Israeli leaders seem to be involved in more and more internal differences and divisions while the state of Israel continues to witness world wide isolation, said the paper. It said that the past few days witnessed an intensive campaign by the Israeli troops to kill Palestinians and to commit crimes against the innocent women and children of Palestine for their continued struggle for freedom. This behaviour the paper noted, provides proof of the confusion that prevails Israel's political circles and causes the Israeli forces to remain hogged down in a futile conflict with the oppressed people under their

Eyewitnesses at Nahalin

By Sharouq Jalili

IN an interview for the American radio network, National Public Radio, on April 7, a Birzeit University lecturer, Azmi Bishara commented: "The My Lai massacre in Vietnam wasn't planned. A group of soldiers on a routine mission lost their minds, massacring a whole village. 1 wonder when and where the same thing will happen with an Israeli patrol in the occupied territories.

It is perhaps too early to say whether the events of Nahalin on April 13 have ushered in a new stage in the repression of the Palestinian uprising. At present it seems irrelevant and insensitive to discuss this, so profound is the trauma suffered by the villagers, and indeed the inhabitants of the rest of the occupied territories.

Thus, we are left fishing for the appropriate description. Is the killing of unarmed civilians hy an army "an outrage" or "an atroc-ity"? How many people must die before it becomes "a massacre"? The facts remain that five people have died and over 50 have been

injured, eight of whom remain on the critical list. The villagers' accounts bring to mind Vietnam or El Salvador, in the randomness of the brutality perpetrated.

Nahalin is a village of 4,000 inhabitants, situated in the hills 10km south of Bethlehem. The residents depend principally on agriculture, olives and grapes being the main crops. In the early 1980s, Israel confiscated about 675 acres of land from the village.

The Israeli settlements of Giva'ot, Harbitar, Rosh Zurim and Daniel, established in the same period, surround Nahalin.

As reports began to emerge of the events of April 13, we made our way to Nahalin. Access to the village is by way of narrow dirt tracks. The first we tried was blocked by an Israeli army patrol. The second and third were closed with huge mounds of earth and rocks, constructed after the early morning events by the army. Nahalin was still under curfew. We turned to leave. One of the soldiers on guard remarked to us: "Why do you want to come to this place. It's ugly and it's not Israel. Only one person died апуway.'

When we arrived at Beit Jala hospital, the yard was thronged with people of Nahalin and surrounding villages. Faces showed deep shock, fatigue, and anger. Mahmud, a relative of one of the slain villagers gave us his version: "I was asleep. The sound of shooting woke me. I looked out and panicked when I saw soldiers firing indiscriminately into the crowd leaving the mosque. I was so frozen with terror. I couldn't think, except of staying exactly where I was.

The anger of the crowd burst in a volley of stones, smashing the windows of a passing Israeli bus. The air rang to the sound of gunfire as the driver jumped from the bus shooting into the air. Seconds later, a military jeep screeched to a halt outside the hospital and ten soldiers stormed into the yard, guns blazing. They vaulted the walls into the adjoining bouses, arrested the first three men they laid their hands

At Magassed hospital in Jeru-salem, crowds converged to give blood as news of the tragedy spread. Dr. Wahib Dajani of the casualty department said that ten casualties had reached the hospital. Other less serious cases were taken to Ramallah government hospital when Magassed was full. Of the ten cases, one was dead on artival, another 14-year-old boy had lost a kidney, and a third had had his stomach torn open by gunfire. Another young man, who later died, had been declared braindead. We saw him lying unconscious, eyes closed in a mess of swollen tissue, a bullet

"They shot him in front of my eyes," he sobbed, his hand the shape of a pistol, pointing it at the side of his own head. He went on: "The army stopped us in our car as we were beading for the village to help with the wounded. They told us to get out. One of the

through his head. I realised the

presence of a man just behind

me. He took the curtain, crum-

pling it between his hands, buried

his face in it and soaked it with his

soldiers was right next to the car door. He took his pistol, held it to Walid's head and fired one builet. I thought that was it. They were going to kill me. I don't know why they didn't."

Yusuf, a resident of Nahalin, told us, "At about two o'clock in the morning, about 20 Israeli army jeeps parked at the entrance to the village, and a crowd of soldiers and settlers walked into the village. At four o'clock people go to pray. We were surprised to see the soldiers. After five, we were leaving the mosque, and they just opened fire. People ran screaming in all directions, to their houses, to the fields, any where. Some were so gripped with terror, they ran out of their bouses, and joined those fleeing to the hills and fields. Some of those who died were found later

in the surrounding hills." The mother of 14-year old Rabiha Abdul Rahman, shot in the back, told us: "My daughter was shocked to see what they were doing. She screamed, I saw her pick up a stone and throw it towards the soldiers, and turn to

Rafsanjani dons

pursuit of power

radical cloak in

run. They just shot her."
The Jerusalem Post report of the Nahalin atrocity Friday April 14 was accompanied by a brief history of the village. Quoting their reporter of March 30 1954, we learned that, in fact, "... Nahalin has a tradition of brigandage and murder". In addition, in May 1948, "...villagers from Nahalin were known to be among the Arabs who encircled the 35 (Jew. ish) students coming to the rescue of Kfar Etzion and murdered them all". Furthermore, "...The village was undoubtedly the origin of the killers of two Israelis' .. in the same year, 1954.

I read this item several times puzzling over the relevance of these details, and hoping to avoid the Jerusalem Post's conclusion (but failing to), that in fact, the residents of Nahalin had only got what they deserved.

Eighteen months ago, Azmi Bishara's comments would have been dismissed as outlandish. In the aftermath of Nahalin, they have a tragic potency — Middle East International, London.

Deng, China's peace-maker, to meet Gorbachev the reformer

By Guy Dimmore

PEKING — Ten years ago China's senior leader Deng Xiaoping flew to Washington and warned of the threat of world war posed by the Soviet "polar bear."

Next week to Deng, 84 and close to retirement, will shake hands with Moscow's relatively youthful leader Mikhail Gorbachev in an historic reconciliation.

Their summit meeting, the first between the Communist giants since 1959, will end three decades of hostility and start an era of cautious cooperation as both countries struggle with political and economic reforms.

"Deng wants to be seen as China's peace-maker before he a Chinese editor com-

"He mended relations with the United States 10 years ago. Hong Kong's future is assured. For him, that leaves the Soviet Union and, of course, Taiwan," the edi-

Gorbachev, 58, will be making his first visit to China. But Deng as known the Soviet Union since studying there in 1926 and has seen more than 60 years of relations with Moscow, good and bad, at first hand.

In 1956 Deng was in Moscow,

listening to Nikita Khrusbchev denounce Josef Stalin's dictatorial rule. China had largely modelled itself on Stalin's policies in the early 1950s and the Soviet move contributed to a rapid deterioration of ties with China.

Rows over foreign policy and ideological issues ensued and Deng went to Moscow in 1963 to lead fence-mending talks. But these failed and six years later, fighting erupted across the Sino-Soviet border, which stretches 6,500 kilometres from the Pacific in the east to the Pamir mountains bordering Afghanistan in the west.

Soviet forces along the frontier were one of "three obstacles" which Deng long cited as blocking normal relations between China and the Soviet Union. The others were the presence of Soviet troops in Afghanistan and Vietnam's presence in Cambodia.

The Soviet Union says it is now removing 200,000 troops from its Asian sector. Its army pulled out of Afghanistan in February and its ally Vietnam has promised to leave Cambodia by the end of

China has made it clear, however, that when Deng and Gorbachev shake hands in the Great Hall of the People on May I6, there will be no return to the

close anti-Western alliance of the 1950s. Neither will China again

let Moscow dictate ideology.
"China's conditions are different than those in the Soviet Union and we cannot mechanically copy the measures or policies adopted by the Soviet Union," Premier Li Peng said in

China's reform-seeking enterprises want U.S. dollars, not roubles. Peasants and workers buy Japanese televisions. Only five per cent or so of China's trade, which totalled about \$100 billion in 1988, is with its Soviel neighbour. More than 60 per cent is with Japan, the United States and the Pacific region.

Tensions in the Sino-Soviet relationship will undoubtedly remain," said a senior Western diplomat in Peking. "Both in foreign policy, where they will seek dominant influence in Asia, and in competition for Western

trade and technology."
East European sources said tensions were apparent in the summit preparations.

On Cambodia, the key foreign ssue, China and the Soviet Unsaid. A summit communique will to Shanghai.

set out their respective positions. The Vietnamese entered Cambodia at the end of 1978 to oust the Chinese-supported Khmer

Diplomats in Moscow and Peking say bilateral relations will dominate the summit. The two sides are expected to issue a joint declaration, but not a treaty, agreeing to base future relations on equality and non-interference in each other's affairs.

The East European sources said envoys failed to agree on disputed sections of the Sino-Soviet western border in a week of talks last month. These issues need to be set-

tled at the highest level. Probably only Deng and Gorbachev can do that," a Western diplomat commented.

'This could be Deng's swansong. It is time for him to retire. the diplomat added. Deng holds the powerful post of chairman of the party's central military com-

Gorbachev is due to arrive in Peking on May 15 to be greeted by President Yang Shangkun. East European sources say he will ion have agreed to disagree over . meet Deng, party leader Zhao the form of government in Ziyang and Premier Li Peng the Phnom Penh after Vietnamese next day. Gorbachev will end his troops withdraw, the sources four-day visit to China with a trip

By Eric Hall Reuter

DUBAI — The man tipped as Iran's next leader is now riding the wave of popular Islamic extremism to secure his political credentials at home but Western and Iranian analysts warn of dangers from the repercussions

Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani shocked Western and Arab opinion when he urged Palestinians on Friday to kill five Westerners for every Palestinian shot dead by Israeli troops in the uprising in the occupied territories. Analysts said his call for vio-

lence was not really directed abroad but was part of his campaign to win supreme executive power by wholeheartedly embracing the radical Islamic idealism of spiritual leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

"The danger is that even if Rafsanjani meant it for internal consumption, outside extremist groups could take it literally, said a European diplomat in the

Rafsanjani, speaker of parliament and acting commander of the armed forces, is widely expected to be elected president in August with enhanced powers. He received the endorsement on Sunday of President Ali Khamenei

whose term is about to expire. Iranian analysts said Rafsan-jani's threats had to be gauged in the light of the overwhelming authority of 86-year-old Khomeini.

"While Khomeini lives, no one politician, however powerful, can go against his with," said one Gulf-based analyst.

Khomeini set a new tone for Iran's leaders in February when he ordered Muslims to kill British author Salman Rushdie for hlasphemy against Islam in hisbook The Satanic Verses."

Analysts said he feared that the ideals of his 1979 Islamic revolution were being lost as Iran started opening its doors to West- European diplomat.

after the eight-year war with Iraq. Even after Khomeini began his assault on growing liberalism, Raf-

ern business, money and technol-

ogy to reconstruct its economy

sanjanj tried to persuade him of a need for urgent action to tackle inflation and other economic problems facing Iran's 50 million But Khomeini set his seal on

events at the end of March by removing his designated successor, Ayatollah Hossein Ali Montazeri, who had said there was a big gap between Islamic ideals and reality. No new heir has been appointed.

Rafsanjani's speech on Friday showed he was now championing the new hardline trend. It also reflected the leadership's tecognition that external threats take people's minds off domestic problems. Western diplomats said.

They said it was basically a followup to Tehran's statements last month that the United States. helped by West Germany, had been running a huge spy network

"Definitely, you will see this policy continuing. The leaders need to keep people united," said one Iranian analyst.

But diplomats warned that Ira nian threats could harm fragile, international peace negotiations over a Palestinian homeland in the Israeli-occupied West Bank

and Gaza Strip.
The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) described Rafsan-jani's call as "poisoned advice to the Palestinian people to commit international terrorism against in-

nocent people." The United States condemned Iran and Britain is trying to organise a unified European Community (EC) response. But most Western nations appear to agree that internal pressures are at work and see no need for an

aggressive response. I would not have thought any reaction is necessary while words only are being spoken." said the

Press family's rows mirror Nicaraguan rifts La Prensa often invokes the "It's not called division. It's

By Adrian Croft Reuler

MANAGUA - Two of the three daily newspapers in Nicaragua strongly support the ruling Sandinistas and the other is fiercely opposed to them — but all three are edited by members of the Chamorro family.

Like many families in Nicaragua, the Chamorros have been divided by the leftist Sandinista revolution. But in their case, family members occupy influential positions both in support of and in opposition to the country's

A quirk of history has placed Chamorros at the helm of all three Nicaraguan dailies — the official Sandinista newspaper Barricada, the pro-government El Nuevo Diario and the opposition La Prensa.

Other family members include a Sandinista diplomat and a former leader of U.S.-backed contra rebels fighting the Sandinista government. Barricada editor Carlos Fer-

not think the divisions in his family were unusual. This happens in all families when radical changes take place in society. People have to take

nando Chamorro, 33, said he did

positions. "In my family's case it is more visible because we have all ended up working for newspapers. But it's not all extraordinary," he told

Barricada and El Nuevo Diario. edited by Chamorro's uncle, Xavier, often mount vitriolic attacks on La Prensa, published hy his mother, Violeta Barrios de Chamorro, and co-edited by his sister, Cristiana.

A recent Barricada editorial accused La Prensa of fomenting disorder and civil disobedience, of defending the contras and of being the public organ of former dictator Anastasio Somoza's

widely-heated national guard. La Prensa in turn accuses the Sandinistas of betraying Nicaraguans by implementing a totalitarian Marxist-Leninist system wore than Somoza's diciatorship.

Chomorro said ideological dif-

ferences had affected relations

within his family, although he still

maintained contact with his

mother and other relatives. 'At times there has been no communication at all, and at

others there has been. But there

are very deep differences," he Chamorro, a former La Prensa journalist, began working for Barricada from its foundation in

July 1979. His elder hrother, Pedro Joaquin, was a member of the contra directorate until he was removed last year after a power struggle. His other sister, Claudia, a diplomat, is married to Nicar-

agua's ambassador to Spain. Violeta Barrios de Chamorro, 60, denied there were divisions in called choosing your own road," she told Reuters. Her house was always open to her family, she La Prensa, which so irked the

Sandinistas that they suspended it for 15 months from June 1986, once campaigned with equal energy against the Somoza dicta-The murder of its editor, Pedro

Joaquin Chamorro, on the orders of Somoza supporters in 1978, eroded remaining international support for Somoza and persuaded many moderates to join the Sandinista-led insurrection which toppled him on July 19,

memory of Pedro Joaquin Cha-morro, a national hero, and says it is still fighting for the democratic ideals he fought for. Carlos Fernando Chamorro ac-

cuses La Prensa of manipulating his father's memory. "In the name of the ideals of

Pedro Joaquin Chamorro, (La Prensa) is making an alliance with the contras, is putting itself com-pletely at the service of U.S. policies. 1 think that's shameful and immoral," he said. But his mother said La Prensa's

principles were the same as when it was founded 63 years ago. "We are in favour of change, of a

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Able to survive in the harshest environment, the Aborigines of Australia are fond of long worms that live in the trunks of mangrove trees; the worms taste like seafood and are rich in



Australian Aborigine Maureen Watson tells her 14 grandchildren, including blue-eyed Marinda, about her people's traditions and their life since "the first sunrise."



What's next? ... This teenager poised between two worlds seems to be asking the question. (WNL)

Daughters of the dream

SYDNEY - Kitty does not bother to wave away the flies; feet apart, she scans the desert from this small hill of red sand. We are in the heart of Australia, a relentless desert.

Kitty comes from nearby Alice Springs. About once a week she goes hunting for good in the desert with other women from her tribe, as their ancestors did 40,000 years ago. In the hush, Kitty comes alive. Sure-footed and alert, she has the gait of the hunter. Youth flows back to her tired frame. Can this desolate landscape of sparse bushes and arid soil hring anyone happiness? Possibly. To Kitty the aborigine, bears hidden trails leading way hack to the time when her ances tors witnessed creation, in the days of The Dream as it is called in Aborigine's mythology.

Since the first sunrise, the legend says, her tribe has treked across the desert, in harmony with one of the harshest environments on earth. They moved in harmony with the rhythms of the land, each life tightly woven into

an all-encompassing wbole. As other women arrive, small fires are lighted, and Kitty goes hunting with a friend; they probe holes in the ground for big lizzards that will be grilled.
Curious, I asked: "How long

does it take to cook?" Pitying looks are the only answer I receive. My notion of time and of its importance has no bearing here. The Aborigines recognise only the present moment and see it as melded with the past and the traditions established in the

Kitty, Daisy and their friends feel no need to break new ground; to live, find water and food, they say, all they had to do was follow the guidelines of the Dream, when their ancestors the earth and found means of

An older woman named Lucy explains that she sees more clearly since trachoma made her hlind. She has had to make up new expressions to describe elements of the life introduced by white settlers two centuries ago. The sheep she calls "clouds that walk," hut she has no words for

guns, jail, money, alcohol. The past two centuries were more of a nightmare than a dream for the Aborigines. They and the settlers were worlds apart, and the settlers had guns. It was the end of the Aborigines' peaceful existence; few survived the onslaught. Many half-blood children were born, and a law stipulated that they had to be raised in orphanages, away from the influence of their mothers' Finally in 1967 the Aborigines

who remained — about 150,000 — received the Australian citizenship and full civil rights. But the gap between their world and that of modern Australia is still there. Alcohol has become a crutch that destroys not only individuals hut also the family as a unit and the social fahric. Men seem especially vulnerable: there are few jobs, and often they find it impossible to adapt. They end up on the dole, and in the hars.

Aborigine women had to request from the government that part of their husbands' unemployment benefits be given directly to them and their children so they could survive.

The complexity of the Abor-igines' traditional world is just eginning to emerge, thanks partto Australian anthropologist Diane Bell who has showed, for example, that sexism in the Aborigine culture did not mean oppression for the women hut only separate duties and responsi-

80 per cent of the food; there was also a council of older women whose advice was sought by the

Marriages were arranged hy the tribe sometimes before the children were born. Often the wife was much younger than her hushand. Polygamy was widely practised. A few decades ago in Bathurst Island in the north, young girls given fiances they disliked escaped thanks to a local bisbop: the elders say that he married 150 of them to save them. Of course the marriages were fake, but the girls received an education and then were able

to marry a man they chose. Bathurst Island helongs to an Aborigine tribe and is represented in the Australian parliament by a tribal chief, one of two Aborigines currently members of

parliament. Patricia O'Shane has said yes to integration, but like many Aborigines she wants to do it at her own pace; in a way, she belongs to a new type of Aborigines who want to adapt to the 20th century and want to succeed at what they do, no stay the underdogs of Australian society.

Patricia passed her exams, did political work while Lahour Prime Minister Gough Whitlam was in power in the 1970s, and she is now the first Aborigine magistrate. To helpher people she organised a legal counsel service.

Despite her training she helieves that legal reforms won't do much to promote better relations between Aborigines and Australians. What's needed is a new way of thinking, she says. "Education must be the top priority. Three generations of blacks will need to go through the schools before the hlacks reach the whites' education level. (On the other hand)

bilities. Through hunting and the schools are just beginning to gathering, women provided 60 to introduce courses that will enable introduce courses that will enable all children to learn about their country hefore the settlers

Some Aborigines are already taking advantage of programmes launched by the government to help preserve their traditions. Daisy Morgan of Alice Springs, for example, has decided with other women to have a social centre huilt south of town near what used to be a sacred site and now serves as an army depot. This and similar projects to promote the advancement of the Aborigines cost \$510 million (Australian dollars) to the government in the fiscal year 1986/87.

Another enterprising woman from western Australia named Mavis used some government money to organise visits of Epolera, a small Ahorigine community, where tourists can meet with cultural leaders and discover Ahorigine traditions much more authentic than the trihal dances usually put on for tourists. It seems that Mavis business is thriving. Also doing well is a Sydney radio station called "Radio Redfern" run hy Abor-

Now that Australia has celebrated its hicentinnial, Aborigine leaders would like the nation to recognise its other heritage. Says activist and storyteller Maureen Watson: "White Australia has not understood yet that it would be much richer if it accepted the 40,000 years of history that we offer her. It does not listen to us, the elders... We are still ready to say 'Welcome, You want to share with us this land to which we belong, learn its laws, raise your children with ours? Welcome. We, Ahorigines, were born here with the first sunrise; we will still be here to see the last glow of

Powdered cheese, feathers, giant popcorn and other oil spill solutions

By Steve Baker The Associated Press

ANCHORAGE - One man wanted to sprinkle powdered cheese on the nation's worst oil spill in hopes it would make the oil congeal and easier to clean up. Another proposed dropping feathers on the slick, either making the sludge easier to pick up or tarring and feathering Alaska's

Ideas on how to clean up the 38.2 million liters of oil spilled in Prince William Sound hegan pouring in before the Exxon Valdez tanker accident was 24 hours

A Japanese company sent a box of equipment. Problem was the directions also were in

Ac.

It is a challenge trying to figure out which companies are simply trying to unload a product that won't work and which have an answer to Alaska's grave environmental problems, said Jeff Mach. coordinator for the Alaska department of environmental conservation.

We've gotten hundreds of offers," Mach said. "Some of them come across as a little bit of salesmen and a little hit of a do-gooder." Exxon, too, has been deluged

with inventions. They range from the sublime to the ridiculous," said Exxon spokesman Dennis Stanczuk. The one thing about all of them. though, is it's people trying to

Tens of thousands of towels have been sent to Valdez to help with the mop-up.

One of the most successful strategies has been to do what nature does to cleanse itself shower the rocky beaches with

This high-volume flushing of the beach... it's nature's way." said Erich Gundlach, a specialist in oil contamination of beaches and a consulting geologist for the

"They're speeding up the natural processes." Gundlach said. Most of the clean-up methods being used are established pracnces taken from past oil spills.

Alaska fishermen gave a twist to a tried-and-true method by sewing absorbent pads into the nets they normally use to catch herring, salmon and other fish in Alaska's seafood-rich waters.

Most products presented to state biologists and environmentalists are turned over to the coast guard, which sends them to the service's research centre in Connecticut to be evaluated.

"It's easy to test your product in a bathtube" Mach said. "They want to test it in a real field



Art Cecala of California hrought a drum of sanifoam, a product made in South Carolina. Cecala's problem was getting anyone to stop long enough to arrange a test of product.

Approval

"It's a real catch-22" Cecala said. "If you go to one agency, they'll say you've got to have the other's approval first. Everybody uses everyhody else as a scapegoat for not using the pro-

Cecala described his foam as 96 per cent air, 3 per cent water and 1 per cent urea formaldehyde. He said it causes a hacterial reaction instead of a chemical reaction -making it safe for the environ-

"You can just spray it on, and over an extended period of time the oil will be eaten away. It takes a while. A couple, three years," he said.

Spotting oil sheens has been aproblem. Cecala noted. "Once they threw this on it, it wouldn't be a problem," he said. "It would look like giant popcorn."

Some oil spill solutions are too

secret even to discuss, as Mach found out when a group from Hawaii called offering a product, but refused to say what was in it. Cleanup officials dare not reject out of hand the well-meaning suggestions lest they overlook a possible solution.

The state was similarly besieged with ideas from around the country in October when three California gray whales were trapped in ice near Barrow.

Two Minnesotans, who were given a polite hrush-off when they offered their services, refused to take no for an answer. Rick Skluzacek and Greg Ferrian loaded their equipment on an airliner and flew to Barrow at their own expense. Their device, known as a "bub-

bler," proved invaluable in keeping the whales' hreathing holes ice-free and freeing the animals.

Gauguin the rebel

By Nadine Gautier

PARIS - "I am a great artist and I know it. And it is because I am that, that I have endured so much suffering. In order to follow my path (...) I want to want," Paul Gauguin declared in his correspondence.

Gauguin must indeed have 'wanted," in his revolt to abandon his wife and children and go half way around the world to

In reality, his flight was more nuanced, although it seemed inevitable. He was a modest hank clerk, a Sunday painter and a diligent student of Pissarro. They were both to paint apple-trees in blossom, fields of wheat and a street in the snow.

It took an external event to make him take a decisive step and make up his mind to live from painting: the Stock Market crash in 1882. Gauguin was made redundant. He was 34 years old. He settled in Rouen with his family for a few months, before setting off for Copenhagen, where his wife's family lived.

the mercantile and hourgeois civilisation he could no longer bear. In Pont-Aven, he became the leader of the Pont-Aven School. He met other painters at the Gloanec boarding house where he stayed: Emile Bernard from whom Gauguin was to take up "cloisonnisme" which consists in surrounding flat, coloured areas with a strong outline and was inspired by Japanese prints.

With his painting "Vision aft the Sermon", in 1888, Gaoguin invented an art which turned its hack on reality and announced abstraction with its blood-red prairie such as can only exist in a

Van Gogh had him come to Arles. They tore each other apart. But an idea was born, that of creating a "workshop of the tropics" together, far away from everybody. On 8th June 1891, Gauguin set off for Papeere, but alone, to seek out his own sources, he who was an Inca by his mother. He set off in quest of wildness and exoticism.

Gauguin was fascinated by the

Gauguin was fascinated by the indolence of the women whose bodies exalted sensuality and animality, by the luxuriant vegetation and by Maori mythology and legends, and he quickly took on a Tahitian identity as shown in the titles he gave his paintings, such as "Manau Tupapau," a nude inspired by Manet's "Olympia." Bug Gauguin did not break with western tradition. He took a little personal museum with him: Postcards, reproductions of Egyptian murals, friezes from the Parthenon and paintings by Manet and Puvis de Chavannes.

In 1885, be returned to France to Pont-Aven in Brittany. "I am fond of Brittany", he said. "I can find wild, primitive elements there. When my clogs echo on the granite ground, I can hear the powerful, dull sound which I seek

in painting.'

indolence of the women whose bodies exalted sensuality and animality, but the luxuriant vegetation and by Maori mythology and legends, and he quickly took on a Tahitian identity as shown in thetitles he gave his paintings, such as "Manau Tnpapan", a nude in-That was his first farewell to spired by Manet's "Olympia."

Cinema



A self portrait — Paul Gauguin

But Gauguin did not break with western tradition. He took a little-personal museum with him: postcards, reproductions of gyptian murals, friezes from the Parthenon and paintings hy Man-et and Puvis de Chavannes.

In 1893, he returned to France where he exhibited his paintings. The critics were luke-warm. Two years later, he set off again, this time even further, to Hiva-Oa in the Iles Marquises. He knew he

Tel: 675571

would not return. His daughter Aline, whom he loved very dearly, had died. He was ill with syphilis. In Hiva-Oa, he huilt a Maison du Jouir" (house of sexual pleasures) where he lived surrounded by Tahinan girls and objects he sculpted. That is where he painted the picture which seems to be his spiritual testament: "Where do we come from? What are we? Where are we

He died in 1903, but he left a door open for the greatest painters of the beginning of the century, the painters of "Primi-

"You will always find nutritive milk in the primitive arts", he had written. In 1905, Matisee painted "Luxury, calmness and voluptuousness". In 1907, Picasso painted his "Demoiselles d'Avignon". His cry had been heard. French features

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Pravda urges emergency economic programme and end to money flood

FAOSCOW (Agencies) — The continuous printing of roubles to cover costs is doing as much harm to the Soviet economy as any state enemy, Pravda said ™onday.

Calling for an emergency economic programme, the Communist Party daily likened the minting of money to attempts by Hitler and Napoleon to sabotage the -conomy by exporting counterfeit roubles.

The article by Pravda's economic editor, Dmitri Valovoi, complained that Moscow was simply printing roubles to meet expenses which were themselves inflated by counting the same production costs as much as 10 times.

"In their time Napoleon and Hitler sent in false money to undermine our economy. Isn't the money we print ourselves carrying out the same function?" Valovoi asked.

Actual production of food products and industrial goods per rouble in 1985 was two times less than in 1965 and four times less ists wrote in Moscow News that

WASHINGTON (Agencies)

U.S. lawmakers Monday criti-

cised the administration of Presi-

dent George Bush for failing to recommend how to compete with

apan, France and other coun-

iries in promoting U.S. exports.

use of "tied aid" - money lent

by governments of industrial countries at rates siddised by

their taxpayers to encourage

Third World countries to buy

"In 1987, the U.S. offered ah-

cut \$200 million in tied aid, of

which about \$65 million was

actually spent," said representa-

tive Sam Gejdenson, chairman of

he Subcommittee on Interna-

nine-member OAPEC required approva

heir goods.

Criticism was focused on the

than in the 1950s, he said. "Every year the rouble is worth less production in reality.

Valovoi urged the new Congress of People's deputies, which meets May 25, to devise an emergency economic programme based not simply on covering state expenditures but on meeting the population's hasic demands for food, housing and medicine.

'Until we can meet the elementary demands of the population without importing, we should put everything else in the background, with the exception of sufficient defence," he said.

The article was one of several to appear in the Soviet media recently calling attention to the excess of paper money in circula-

of the Foreign Affairs Committee

"By contrast, Japan offered

in the House of Representatives.

more than \$3.4 billion of which

about \$1.1 hillion was actually

provided. Japan is spending 17 times what the U.S. is spending

on tied aid to support its expor-

France is spending 12 times the U.S. amount, he said.

He estimated the loss to U.S.

As a direct result of our un-

exporters at nearly \$3 billion

willingness to even compete,

50,000 Americans are losing their

jobs each year," he said.
The U.S. government's Ex-

rom two of

worth of husiness a year.

ters," he asserted

the Subcommittee on Interna-tional Economic Policy. It is part nishes subsidised loans to help

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

OAPEC most likely to readmit Egypt

KUWAIT (R) — Egypt will probably be readmitted to the Organisation or Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) Saturday, an official of the organisation said Tuesday. "Admission of the organisation of the

sion is almost certain" to be approved at a meeting of OAPEC oil

ministers in Kuwait, OAPEC official Usameh Jamali told

Reuters. Egypt was suspended from OAPEC, the Arab League

and other pan-Arab organisations in 1979 for signing a peace

treaty with Israel. The official said Egypt's readmission to the

members Libya, Kuwait and Saudi Arabia, plus three-quarters of

the general membership. He said Iraq would propose Cairo's readmission at Saturday's meeting. OAPEC, which also includes

Algeria, Bahrain, Qatar, Syria and the United Arab Emirates,

was formed in 1968 to promote joint energy projects. Since 1987

Cairo has rejoined a number of pan-Arab organisations, including

NICOSIA (R) — The Iranian cabinet Monday allocated \$32

million for several development projects in Dezful, shattered by Iraqi air and missile attacks during the Gulf war. The Ira-nian News Agency said \$8 million in hard currency were

set aside for buying equipment for two hospitals and piped water projects. Another 1.7 billion riyals (\$24 million) in local currency

would go to huilding 15 schools, five medical centres, a third hridge across the Karoon river and a large cattle farm. Dezful, 450

kilometres southwest of Tehran, was hriefly threatened by advancing Iraqi troops in the first days of fighting in 1980. The war halted with a ceasefire last August.

sellers that have caused the fluctuations were committing "true

COMPUTER

SALES MANAGER

Argentine austral plunges again

acts of economic terrorism.

the Arab Satellite Communication Organisation last month.

Iran allocates \$32m to rebuild Dezful

Last week a group of econom-

the Soviet Union had printed so much paper money that it could buy all the goods in Western Europe if the Europeans would accept the rouble at the official

Gromyko favours preservation of state, collective farms

Former Soviet foreign minister and president Andrei Gromyko said in another article that the Soviet Union's state and collective farms should not be disman-

tled in favour of private farming. Striking a conservative note, the retired senior official wrote in the weekly New Times that new forms of management such as leasing should exist side hy side, and not instead of, the state-run

He referred to the blood that was spilled during the forced collectivisation of farms under dictator Josef Stalin: "The history of state and collective farms is a

U.S. exporters, was to have made

a report with recommendations

by Dec. 31, 1988, when former

president Ronald Reagan was

still in office. Its report was sub-

mitted on April 20 of this year,

The acting head of the bank

said that foreign competitors are

hurting American industry by in-

creasingly using direct aid to sweeten business deals by their

industries in the Third World.

SEOUL (R) — South Korea's top economic planner Tuesday

brushed aside crisis fears and said

Seoul ! could achieve a targetted

eight per cent growth in 1989. Deputy Premier Cho Soon told

a cabinet meeting that strikes in

the first four months of this year

cost South Korea 2.63 trillion won (\$3.95 billion) in lost produc-

"We estimate the disputes cut

the economic growth rate (during the period) by 1.5 per cent," a government official quoted Cho

"But domestic-related indica-

eight per cent could be added. achieved," Cho added.

tors show a general upturn and

Cho's report to the cabinet

followed last week's emergency meeting of economic officials,

arranged hastily after a dramatic

export slowdown prompted fears

Government officials said

the whole of 1988.

without recommendations.

heavy page in the life of the peasants and the whole fatherland. But it bas already been turned.'

In calling for preservation of state and collective farms, Gromyko was siding with Yegor Ligachev, the conservative member of the ruling polithuro in charge of agriculture.

In March, the Central Commit-tee approved recommendations for leasing to be added to the state and collective farm system. Gothachev had previously placed more emphasis on leasing than state and collective farms, hut in speeches at the March meeting, said all these forms of management should be pursued.

Many Soviet liberals have criticised the state and collective farms as inefficient and blamed them for the food shortages plaguing the country.

Gromyko also said he strongly believes in Gorbachev's reform programme, known as perestroika, but that it "should have a

Debate on U.S. 'tied aid' heats up William Ryan said American industry is experiencing up to \$800 million in lost sales due to such practices by some of the

largest U.S. trading partners.

Cho's optimism stemmed from a

recent rise in domestic consump-

tion as well as government confi-

dence it can contain labour strife.

Economists say lahour rela-

Domestic demand for cars

tions will be a decisive factor for

the future of the South Korean

and electronic goods rose more

than 40 per cent in the first four

months of this year over the same

period last year," one official

"If we have no more serious

labour problems a real eight per

cent growth in our country's gross

national product (GNP) could be

Tolerance is over

ing the cabinet meeting, again

he would no longer tolerate illeg-

President Roh Tae-Woo, chair-

economy.

that many members are eyeing He declined to speculate on the for the second half of this year." actions, and refused to say what The current ceiling is set at 18.5 measures the Exim Bank, which million, with new quotas for July helps U.S. companies sell abroad onward to be fixed at what may through making loans available to prove to be a difficult meeting in overseas huyers, would like to see

Seoul aims at 8% growth in GNP

Vienna on June 5. "In fact, countries such as

Labour ministry officials said

the number of stoppages and

disputes bad slumped since the

Deputy Premier Cho, who

heads the economic planning

board, said the government scaled

down its balance of payments

surplus projection for this year,

from an original \$9.5 billion to \$8

billion. It also revised downward

its 1989 export target by about \$2

an eight per cent GNP growth.

this could belp South Korea con-

siderably in its trade negotiations

the Korea Development Institute said.

ashington.'

"If the surplus is reduced to

presidential threat.

billion to \$68 billion.

barrels per day (b/d) for the

month, Petroleum Intelligence

The International Energy

Agency (IEA) earlier reported

The industry newsletter said

Saudi Arabia, the biggest expor-

ter, and Kuwail accounted for

virtually all of an increase in

wellhead production of 700,000

Iraq, the United Arah Emi-

rates, Nigeria and Libya posted

Signs of rising output by the Organisation of Petroleum Ex-

porting Countries (OPEC) have

in recent days helped take oil

prices down from a three-year peak which they touched in April

just after a gas explosion closed a quarter of British output.

New York crude futures briefly

rose last month above \$25 a

barrel, compared with around

PIW said that OPEC output, if

averaged over the first three

months of 1989, was still about two million b/d below where it

was last autumn when prices fell

But it also said that on a

definition of output used by

OPEC itself - hasing members

quotas on sales not wellhead out-

put - OPEC was already above a

group ceiling of 20 million b/d

to around \$12.

b/d over the March figure.

small gains.

nearly the same volume of in-

Weekly (PIW) said Monday.

LONDON (R) — OPEC oil out-put rose in April faster than at clearly staking their claims for the first time since any time since a glut last autumn higher quotas by turning the taps to an average of 20.9 million up now," PIW said.

Reports show rising OPEC oil output

PIW estimated Saudi Arabia's wellhead output (excluding its share from a neutral zone divided with Kuwaii) at 4.8 million b/d but it saw this as "essentially precautionary.

The Saudis denv actually selling above their mandated OPEC quota of 4.5 million b/d. PTW said they wanted to rehuld stocks beld in the Atlantic basin to be able to cope with disruptions.

They could also use the stocks to strengthen their position at the June 5 OPEC meeting. More Iranian oil would hit

Europe in late May, PIW said. It put Iran at 2.9 million b/d in April after 3.1 million in March. It said Nigeria and Libya were

cashing in on Atlantic hasin demand for light, sweet crudes during the closure of the North Sea Brent pipeline system which cut off almost half a million b/d of British crude of this gasoline-rich variety.

Britain's May oil output may be lowest in 10 years

British North Sea oil output could drop to its lowest for a decade in May hecause of offshore accidents, allowing Norway into top spot in Western Europe's monthly production table for the first time since 1976.

"Average U.K. output in the month could slip below 1.5 million h/d for the first time since April 1979," said analyst Gareth Lewis-Davies at Woodmac, a brokerage which specialises in the study of North Sea oil developments.

Lewis-Davies said that if British output did fall under 1.5 million b/d in May, Norway would probably end up producing

(KDI), a government think-tank. South Korea, which fears U.S.

retaliation because of its large

trade surplus, reported a \$14.2

billion balance of payments sur-plus and a 12.2 per cent GNP

KD1's Kim said, however, South Korea faced inflationary

threats because of skyrocketing

land prices, double-digit wage

rises and new big-spending habits

by increasingly affluent citizens.

"If the government wants to

sumer price rises to five per cent

this year, it may need to take

artificial measures such as freezing prices in the public sector or

growth in 1988.

tain for the first time since September 1976. Norway, Western Europe's number two oil pro-

ducer, pumped a record 1.53 million b/d in March. He said the drop in British output was temporary and largely due to the closure of the impor-

tant Brent pipeline system on April 18 after a gas explosion. It was pumping some 472,000 b/d, or a quarter of what Britain was producing, and the accident briefly last month sent New York crude oil futures prices above \$25 a barrel for the first time in three

Operators Shell Expro, a join venture of Exxon Corp and the Anglo-Dutch Shell Group, now say May 26 is the most likely date

for it to restart. "It is a blip, something of a short-term nature." Lewis-Davies said of the slump in British output. "But we nevertheless

felt it was of note." Woodmac see production recovering gradually to 1.7 million b/d in June, assuming full Brent output hy then. Routine maintenance will keep a lid on output over the summer but hy Septem-! ber it saw production of 2.4 mil-

Zimbabwe announces easier investment rules

HARARE (AP) - Zimhahwe unveiled a plan Monday to court Western investors with marketoriented incentives, but said the African nation would not abandon its socialist principles.

Finance Minister Bernard Chidzero said the state would not nationalise foreign investments.

of Rhodesia became independent as avowedly Marxist-Leninist Zimhabwe in 1980, many foreign investors have been deterred by policies that pegged wages, salaries and prices and required state approval for almost all hirings and firings.

tions, Chidrezo said the plan does 'not represent a change in a policy but an adaptation to a change in circumstances." He added, "There is no inhe-

rent or absolute contradiction between socialism and market

turn a capitalist former colony into an egalitarian socialist state. While he has introduced major social reforms including cheap

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

schooling and free health care,

the economy remains largely in the hands of the 100,000 white minority that favours the free enterprise system. Foreigners may hold 25 per

cent of the share capital in new investments, up from 15 per cent, and in special cases that fill priority needs in local industry 100 per cent foreign ownership will be permitted. Chidzero said. He said Zimhabwe was mainly

seeking investors in industry and mining to increase economic: growth and employment.

Depending on the type of investment, companies will be able to remit abroad 25 per cent, 50 period, 100 per cent of net after tax profits.

The most notable investments since 1980, unemployment has soared, inflation remains high and shortages of basic commodities are widespread.

U.S. dollar

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs

Ittalian lire

Japanese yen

Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

"We are not grahbers. We have an impeccable record for keeping our promises," the finance minister said.

Since the former British colony

Although observers view the ong-awaited policy as a sharp turn from past government posi-

Included in the package are a one-stop state investment centre to expedite government approval of investment proposals, relaxation of prices and income regulations and guarantees on profits per cent or, for an initial grace and dividends remittable abroad. At independence in 1980, President Robert Mugabe vowed to

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

| Tuesday, May 9, 1989 Central Bank official rates | | Deutschemark Swiss franc Freuch franc | 28t.5 316.1 83.4 | 284.1 319.1 84.2 | | |
|---|----------------|---|---|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Buy | Sell | Japanese yen (for 100) Dutch guilder | 398.4 249.8 | 403.0 252.0 | |
| S. dollar und Sterling | 538.0 894.0 | 542.0 903.7 | Swedish crown Italian lira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10) | 83.3 38.6 134.6 | 84.0 3939 135.8 | |

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on

the London foreign exchange and hullion markets Tuesday.

1.6625/35 1.1860/70

1.9135/42

2.1575/85

1.7045/55

40.03/06

6.4520/70

1394/1395

134.85/92 6.4640/90 6.9100/50

7.4460/510

One ounce of gold 376.20/376.70

of an economic crisis. Exports grew only 7.7 per cent to \$18.8 hillion in the first quarter al strikes. Rob last week threatened to take emergency measures if social turmoil conof this year, compared with a growth rate of 28.4 per cent for

CAPE TOWN (R) — The chairman of the South African subsidiary of oil giant Royal Dutch/Shell has said he regretted the rammed bome the message that decision of U.S. rival Mobil to quit the white-ruled republic. But John Kilroe added that the Mobil decision to disinvest had not affected Shell's determination to continue its fight to maintain its South African operations. Royal Dutch/Shell's involvement in "The time for tolerance and restraint is over," he said South Africa has stoked anti-apartheid protests in the Nether-lands and some of its petrol stations in Western Europe have been attacked.

Shell to maintain S. Africa operations

around \$8 billion while achieving meet its target of holding con-

Chung-Soo, a senior economist at lowering electricity prices," Kim

SEMI VILLA FOR RENT

tinued.

Tuesday:

2 bedrooms, garden, garage and all other facilities. Location behind WHO building, Shmeisani.

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RUMORS RESTAURANT

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BUENOS AIRES (AP) — The austral continued its wide swings against the U.S. dollar Monday, plunging 25 per cent at one point before recovering slightly at the end of the trading day. When foreign exchange houses closed last Friday. Argentines could purchase dollar for 86 australs apiece. Midway through Monday, each dollar fetched 115 australs. By day's end, the difference paragraph to 107-1. With an eye to national elections in four days narrowed to 107-1. With an eye to national elections in four days, **NURSES WANTED** Economy Minister Juan Carlos Pugliese said the huyers and

The Shmisani Hospital is in need of the qualified nurses and qualified midwives. Salary is in accordance with qualifications and experi-

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OFFICE FURNITURE & DECORATION FOR SALE

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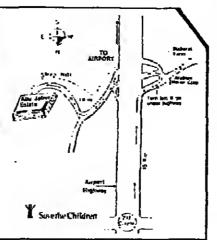
For information pls. call 824487 or 639043 Munther Abu Zinad.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HER MAJESTY QUEEN NOOR

THE BANI HAMIDA WOMEN'S **RUG WEAVING SPRING EXHIBITION**

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By Reuters

WORLD STOCK MARKET

SYDNEY — Falls across the board led the share market sharply lower by the close of floor trading, off 12.4 points at 1,500.3 Profit-laking was a factor in most sectors.

TOKYO - Share prices closed lower, snapping a string of seven straight rises. Recent gains in the dollar encouraged profit-taking and the Nikkei index lost 103.37 points to 34,031.87.

HONG KONG - Share prices closed lower after see-sawing throughout the day on moderate trading. The Hang Seng index shed 6.29 points to end at 3,262,25 after profit-taking.

SINGAPORE — Share prices closed marginally lower on profit-taking in active trading. The Straits Times industrial index shed 1.95 points to close at 1,280.57.

BOMBAY - Market holiday.

FRANKFURT - Prices fell on persistent rumours of an interest rates increase because of the mark's weakness against the dollar. The real-time 30-share DAX index dropped 13.85 to 1,366.22.

ZURICH - Shares were lower in quiet trading. Dealers said sentiment was depressed by higher Swiss interest rates and weakness on Wall Street.

PARIS - Prices were easier on fears of a rise in West German interest rates. The 50-share bourse indicator declined by 0.23 per

LONDON — Prices held firm as the market digested news of a possible strike by British power station workers. At 1440 GMT, the FTSE 100 index was up 11.2 at 2,130.8.

NEW YORK - Early gains by hine chips were pared in a cautious

market because of weakness in bond prices. The Dow was up one

As a result of expanding business activities to neighbouring countries, EMITAC, distributor of HEWLETT PACKARD Computer Equipment and Instrumentation, is now looking for a professional sales manager to manage its new operation in SANAA, YEMEN, The right candidate should have extensive

experience in the computer field and a proven record in marketing Hardware, Software and Total Solutions.

The position best suits enthusiastic personnel who would be able to respond to the market demands and can work with minimum supervision in achieving set targets.

The remuneration package would be commensurate with qualifications, experience and assessments.

Candidates should forward their full application

The Marketing Manager Emitac P.O. Box 2711, Abu Dhabi United Arab Emirates

with a recent photograph to:

1962 500 fournament of cham-pair at Forest Hills, his fourth and of 1989 and first of the year

melay. He leaves the West Side tennis is any time in his career and is soming his clay court technique to too form with the French Open

iss than a month away. setter shape," he said after his \$2,6-1 final round victory Monyay over unseeded Peruvian

This moving well. I've been povering the court well. I really wasn't out of position too many mass which is good at this early part of the clay court season.

Thosan't tiring and no matter

what was happening on the court
if ell comfortable about it, which as important."

Lendl said his victory here before he begins his campaign for a fourth French Open title on May 29 came at a perfect time.

You need to win some before major tournaments and you need to lose some and I did both. Last week I lost (in the final at Tokyo to Stefan Edberg) and this week I in the won so that just takes a lot of oressure off me going to Europe, right now to Hamburg.

Had I lost here in the quarters hold : I would feel I have to win Hamphase burg to be confident for the 15 Per French. Now I don't."

har il-... While the tonrnament of chamusin a pions victory further solidifies his hip a position as world number one.

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Lendl says rankings are not on his mind.

Lendl says rankings are not on his mind.

Lendl says rankings are not on his mind.

"I care not as much as you might think about being number one. I care about winning Grand Slams," said Lendl, who won his seventb Grand Slam singles title at the Australian Open in

With rival Mats Wilander and briefly the world number one

"You never underestimate a guy like that, never ever. He may win a couple of matches and get a taste of it and he wil be tough.

The most important thing right now is to keep fit, maybe improve a little bit, play some matches... stay healtby and enjoy myself for next three weeks, have a good time... that way I should come in a good frame of mind for

a break from touring.
"I don't want to 10 or 15 years from now, when I'm sitting at home and watching television or playing golf, feel guilty that I didn't give it all my best and that I wasted some of my good years.'

don't feel like going to the tournament, I don't feel like playing. I don't want to practise. I'd rather take a week off and go to the islands and lie on the beach

"But I will have plenty of tme to do it later. Right now I need to do what I do best. I don't want to feel guilty 20 years from now.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

A TIME FOR GIVING

Both vuloerable. South deals. NORTH * 874 7652 A 10982 WEST EAST ± 10 6 5 3 · 4 J 9 2 7 J 10 8 4 0.5 0 1.63

A Q 9 6 4 + TO 8 3 SOUTH * A K Q ·★·K J 2 The bidding.

North East South West 2 NT Pass -Pass . Pass Opening lead: Six of 4

May we take this opportunity of wishing all Our readers a merry Christmas. It is a time for giving gifts. West was imhued with the generosity of the season, but declar-

er didn't appreciate his present. The auction was a matter of sim-ple anthmetic. South's opening bid showed a minimum of 22 points and North, with an ace and a reasocable five-card suit, had an easy raise to

T. 20 ...

at the Australian Open in January

mired in a terrible slump, Lendl is still wary of the Swede who last year took his U.S. Open crown ranking.

the French."
Lendl, who has won 77 Grand Prix singles championships, said even when he had trouble getting motivated for smaller tournaments, he never thought of taking

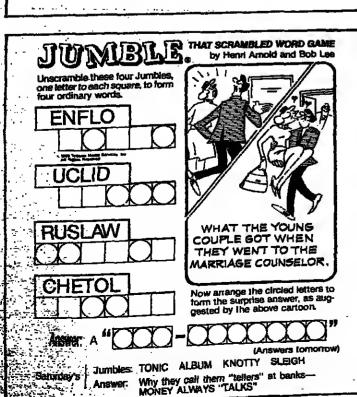
"Many times I feel like "Ob, I and do nothing."

West made the normal lead of fourth-best from his longest and strongest suit, and East's teo lost to the jack. Declarer cashed the kine of diamoods and West found an excellent defense-he jetosoned his queen! There was no way for declarer to come to nine tricks without the diamonds, and he could no looser establish the suit without letting. East gain the lead with the jack to make the fatal play of a cluh

through the king.
Note that West's play could out cost, only gain. It was highly unlikely that East held a fast entry. If declarer had the jack of diamonds. the contract would probably sail

drop on the next round anyway. Had West woodenly played the five of diamonds uoder the king, declarer would have made his contract. On the next diamond lead the queen would appear, and declarer would permit West to hold the trick. Now there would be no way to get East on lead in time for a club through declarer. South would be able 10 win any return, and he would coast home with four diamond tricks, three spades and one each in hearts and clubs.





. Answer

SPORTS IN BRIEF

F.A. Cup final replay set for June 8

LONDON (R) — A replay of the F.A. Cup final, if one is needed, will not take place for nearly three weeks because of the crowded soccer programme, the English Foothall Association said Tuesday. Traditionally a replay would have been staged on the Thursday following the May 20 final at Wermhey between Liverpool and Everton but it has now heen set for June 8. An F.A: spokesman said penalties would be used to decide the winners if the scores were still level after extra time in the replay. The delay has been caused by a congestion of fixtures facing Liverpool after several of their matches were postponed following the Hillsborough tragedy in which 95 of their fans were crushed to death. Several players from both teams will also be required for international matches immediately after the final.

Toshack signs for Real Madrid

MADRID (R) — Briton John Toshack took on one of European soccer's most daunting jobs Tuesday, signing to coach Real Madrid in a two-year contract reported to be worth more than one million dollars. The agreement ended weeks of speculation on who would replace Dutchman Leo Beenhakker, who leaves at the end of the season after three years with Spain's top club. A club spokesman said Toshack and Real president Ramon Mendoza signed the contract early Tuesday and Toshack would begin work in July. "He was the best among a series of options," the spokesman said. "What do we expect from him? The usual at Real, to win everything." He declined to comment on the terms of the agreement. Spanish newspapers said Toshack would be paid around 100 million pesetas (\$850,000) for the two-year contract. In addition, Real would pay his current club, Real Sociedad, some 30 million pesetas (\$260,000] compensation for the move. Toshack, a striker with Liverpool and Wales in his playing days, coached Swansea and Sporting Lisbon before moving in 1985 to Real Sociedad, where his contract was due to run until 1991.

Maradona threatens to leave Napoli

NAPLES (R) — Argentine star Diego Maradona is threatening to leave Napoli after a new row with the club, saving he has lost the support of chairman Corrado Ferlaino, "If even the chairman is support of charman Corrado Ferlano. "It even the charman is against me then I can't stay (with the club). Next year I will leave. I am a bit tired... every Sunday there is a new mystery, I will tell Ferlaino I am leaving, "the Argentine World Cup captain said in a television interview Monday night. Maradona signed a new contract with Napoli last year which should keep him with the southern club until 1993. "I could tell Naples that my time is southern Lean fight those outside (the club) but I capacit fight finished. I can fight those outside (the club) but I cannot fight those inside as well. If Ferlaino wants be can send me away. It just means I will find a new side ... I don't feel protected by the club at this time." Maradona was angered by press reports suggesting club officials believed he did not play against Bologna last Sunday because of differences with trainer Ottavio Bianchi.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1989

YOUR HOROSCOPE

by Thomas Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: apparel before you buy, and avoid Cycles change and thus bring us the varieties of life. Always be contident that what is here today, whether good or bad, will change in the future. Being in step with change is one key to success.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Main SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) There is a possibility of ludging

rivolous spending.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)

Fulfillment of a major dream draws

The current cycle accents career.

Make lists and purchase neces

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to

of the bulge. An emotional issue cases and may solve itself.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You and group recognition. Your child could make a mountain out of a will want to be someone special; molehill over an issue that others thus, a strong educational program

deem unimportant. Let irritations will organize talents.

uncomfortable items. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

tain a sense of humor, avoid 21) There is a possibility of judging speculation and poorly thought out a situation before you have all the policy. Buy necessities, but avoid facts. Don't rely on gossip or hear-frivolous spending.

closer as profit margins increase, money and success. You get nummed-out when what you has items for home projects.

GEMINI (May 21 to Jone 21)

Remember what happens when the cat is away, Siblings need close supervision. Do your fair ahare of the needs to be supervision.

cial independence is important. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Sit Jul. 21) Make a fresh start on a out a confusing day and wait until tangled-up personal matter. Others
will not keep a secret better than
you. Contact older relatives.

the atmosphere "feels right." Make
future travel plans. Pleasure comes
in the evening.

in the evening.
If Your Child Is Born Today LEO (Jal. 22 to Ang. 21) An overactive sweet tooth and the midnight munchies frustrate the battle and prood, along with an ability to accept responsibility. Your son or daughter will strive for excellence

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You "The Stars impel; they do not are exhilarated; thus, you want to compel." What you make of your break from normal routines. Try on life is largely up to you! 1989, McNaught Synd.

THE Daily Crossword by Sidney L. Robbins



51 Ms Mennan

IOC Vice-President questions 1987 World Championships

Officials stifled tests — Pound

TORONTO (AP) - The International governing body of track and field either suppressed results or deliberately avoided drug tests at the 1987 World Championships where Ben Johnson set the current world record, a top Olympic official charged Monday.

In testimony before a federal inquiry into drug use in amateur sport. Richard Pound said complicity is common among international sport officials.

There could either have been positive tests that were not acted upon by the International Amateur Athletic Federadon, or there was a direction not to test for certain compounds," said Pound, a Montreal lawyer and a vice president of the International Olympic Committee.

Pound, who pleaded Johnson's case at last fall's Seoul Olympics after the sprinter tested positive for steroids and was stripped of his gold medal and world record, also criticised Jean Charest, saying the federal sports minister has no power to ban Johnson from future Olympic games.
He defended the sprinter,

saying be believes Johnson was unaware the drugs be was using were banned

Outside the hearing room, Pound said the IAAF should look into testing conducted on Johnson and others at Rome in 1987. Track and field, he said, is facing

"a serious drug problem." "Certain people involved in the sport bave let the technicians in it run amok," he said.

The lawyer testified that LAAF officials in Rome substituted IOC testers with their own two weeks before Johnson ran the 100 metres in 9.83 seconds. The Olympic officials had been

appointed to restore credibility to the LAAF, which Pound said was "in serious danger of becoming a laughing stock" after testing at its 1983 championships in Helsinki turned up no drug users. "My feeling is that at that

NEW YORK (AP) - The Cali-

formia Angels scored nine runs in

the fourth inning en route to a 9-2

victory Monday night over the

The Angels have a five-game

winning streak and are 20-11 on

the season. Last year, they didn't

win their 20th game until June 5.

games Monday night, it was Texas 13, New York 2; Minneso-

ta 4, Boston 2; Oakland 6, Balti-

more 1, and Toronto 10, Seattle

Detroit's Doyle Alexander

didn't allow a hit through the first

three innings, but Wally Joyner started the fourth with a double

and scored on a one-out single by

Chili Davis singled and Lance Parrish walked to load the bases.

Dante Bichette grounded to

third, but Al Pedrique's throw

home hit white in the back for an

error, allowing White and Davis

Jack Howell was intentionally

walked to load the bases and

Dick Schofield walked to force

Parrish home. Brian Downing's

triple cleared the bases and made

In other American League

meet, to come up with no positive tests, indicates that something is very wrong with the testing procedure," said Pound, who admitted his evidence of wrongdoing Johnson, who has said he never tested.

Detroit Tigers.

Devon White.

was "purely hearsay."
The 1987 meet yielded one positive test — "a huge difference over 1983," scoffed Pound, a swimmer at the 1960 Olympics in

Others have told the inquiry Johnson was on hanned drugs for years before the Seoul Olympics. where the anaholic steriod stanozolol was found in his urine sample.

Besides losing the medal and the mark of 9.79, Johnson was banned for two years by the IAAF and its Canadian counterpart. IOC president Juan Antonio Samaranch has said the sprinter would be welcome at the 1992 games in Barcelona.

Charest, however, has said Johnson will never compete for Canada again. The sprinter can appeal the lifetime han in two

"I do not believe there is any law or policy on the part of the federal government to enable the minister to sav what he has. Pound, 47, told the inquiry." In my view, Sport Canada and the minister do not have jurisdiction to select athletes to Canadian

teams." Pound also said he believes

the Angels scored their final two

runs on Joyner's triple and John-

Rangers 13, Yankees 2

Jeff Stone, a late replacement for the missing Rick Leach, drove

in four runs and Kevin Brown

beat New York for the second

inning with a three-run triple and

added an RBI double in a four-

run sixth. Stone was not in the

original lineup but was inserted as

the designated hitter when Leach

did not show up at Yankee sta-

Kirby Puckett ended an 0-for-15

slump with a run-scoring double and

Shane Rawley scattered eight hits

in 7 2-3 innings. Rawley ended a

pesonal four-game losing streak

with his first victory since his

With just their third victory in

16 games, the Twins handed AL

East leader Boston only its second loss in eight games. Minnesota also spoiled Mike Bod-

dicker's 200th career start while

providing manager Tom Kelly his

Minnesota debut April 6.

Twins 4; Red Sox 2;

Stone keyed a seven-run fifth

Angels smash Tigers 9-2

ny Ray's single.

time in a week.

knowingly took steriods.

Earlier. Pound detailed for inquir. lawyers how he prepared Johnson . case for presentation to the IOC's medical commission in Secul.

The lawyer, who also served a to the board that disquadres as his son, said he didn't ask the queter if he had taken panness and because he was theffer off a

He said he vehicle may will track down the some ended Johnson's vamp of seeding sprinter's areas with methe doping court better there race.

He testified he re with the c confidence of the second which has extremely more thought in the above the room

(our) determinent mystery . . .

Tests later st. . . no steroid in two ... Johnson drank for race, Pound added, it. Johnson drank from:

Athletics 6, Origin:

in seven innings and Term

bach extended his huring

second of the season.

double.

walking six.

to 15 games, longest in the re-

thij season as Oakland n.s. . . Baltimore as fifth streight "

Craig Worthington speile Moore's shutout bid with a hour

run in the seventh inning. he

Steinbach and Walt Weiss but

three bits each, with Weiss dri-

ing in two of Oakland's four rem

in the eighth inning with a single

following Stan Javier's two-run

Blue Jays 10, Mariners !

Dave Stieb scattered six hit.

over eight innings and Tony Fer-

nandez, Fred McGrief and Junior

Felix drove in three runs apiece

as Toronto snapped a three-game

losing streak and ended Seattle's

six-game winning streak. Loser Mike Dunnenyielded six runs and

six hits in 3 1-3 innings while

with a single in the first innin-and McGriff's RBI ground.

made it 2-fl in the third.

Fernandez started the scoring

Mike Moore allowed is

Contentious offside leads to midnight Athens riots

ATHENS, Greece (AP) - Irate soccer fans battled with police in the capital and nearby suburbs early Monday to protest a disputed referee's decision which cost their team the first division

Police said 50 persons were injured and over six arrests made in the violence that broke out at the end of the game Sunday night in which AEK of Athens defeated Olympiakos of Piraeus 1-0 to take an unbeatable lead with one round of play remaining.

Over 57,000 fans attended the

game of the day which was also broadcast live over state-run Greek television. Olympiakos fans smashed

cars and clashed with police as they left the Olympic stadium located at an Athens suburb. "The violence continued into the early hours. Many cars were dam-

aged by the rampage," said a police official who asked not to be named. He said that damage to the stadium was extensive with over 5,000 seats in the 72,000 seat

capacity stadium ripped off their base and thrown onto the field and piles of debris set ablaze. Olympiakos, pressing for a vic-tory which would have given the Piraeus team the league lead, scored at the 71st minute in a pileup in front of AEK's goalmouth to go ahead 1-0. One of the linesmen however, claimed

it 7-0. Ramon Pena relieved and 200th major-league victory. Langrova upsets Provis in 3 sets ROME (AP) — Ninth-seeded Nicole Provis of Austria, the only

Provis 6-7 (5-7): 6-3, 6-0. an Olympiakos attacker was Twelfth-seeded Barbara Paulus offside and the referee cancelled of Austria overcame a sour first set to defeat Olga Tsarboupolou

of Greece 4-6, 6-1, 6-1. In other first round matches,

other seed to play Monday, was upset by Petra Langrova of Italy's Laura Lapi downed Mercedes Paz of Argentina 7-6 (7-4), 7-5; Celine Cohen of Switzerland Czechoslovakia in the first round beat Denisa Krajcovicova of of the \$300,000 Italian Open Czechoslovakia 6-1, 6-3; and women's tennis championship. Amanda Coetzer of South Africa Landgrova came back to beat outduelled Eva Sviglerova of

Czechoslovakia: 6-4, 6-3. Also, Elena Reinach of South Africa pounded Australia's Eli-

zabeth Smylie 6-1, 6-1; Italy 5 Barbara Romano finessed Jana Popsisilova of Czechoslovakia to: win 6-3, 6-2; and Sandra Wasser-

man of Belgium beat France's

Marie-Christine Damas 6-1, 1-6,

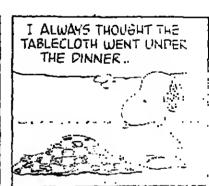
Tsarboupolou, who was tished out of the pool of players will failed to qualify when St. Meier and Sylke Frankl Germany withdraw Monat :

Peanuts

the goal.







Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp







Britain to tag

bailed offenders

LONDON (R) — Britain will

experiment with the electronic

tagging of offenders awaiting trial

to reduce pressure on over-

crowded remand prisons, the government said Monday. Pilot schemes, which will allow some

accused to be given bail instead of

remaining in custody, will begin

in three areas of England includ-

ing London later this year. The

decision, announced by the Home Office, follows three days

of rioting last week by scores of

young prisoners at Risley remand

prison against conditions and

long delays in cases reaching trial.

Offenders taking part in the tag-ging scheme will wear an anklet fitted with a radio transmitter

sending regular signals to a re-ceiver attached to their home

telephone. It will enable a moni-

toring computer to establish

whether they are complying with curfew orders. Home Office

Minister John Patten said: "If it

proves successful, electronic

monitoring could provide a more

humane technological cure for

the ills of overcrowded remand

prisons." Probation officers and

the involvement of private con-

tractors in the operation of the

FLORENCE, Italy (R) - An

Italian theatre, forced 10 scrap a

rare night with the Leningrad

Philharmonic because customs

men would not give the musicians

their instruments, said Monday

that the Soviet orehestra would

play after all. A statement from

Florence's municipal theatre said

the performance, cancelled

Saturday night while the instru-ments were held at Milan airport,

had been rescheduled for May 14.

Theatre sources said customs

men had not been convinced of

the declared value of the instru-

ments but that the mix-up

appeared to bave been resolved.

Dad lured to Florida,

FORT LAUDERDALE (AP) -

one calls and says 'I found your

child, your emotions take the

lead over reason." Tom Lawson Jr. was living with his mother in

Maryland when he ran away

April 21. On April 30, Tom Jr.

called her, saying he was in New

Orleans and needed cash. The

teen promised to call again in 30

minutes but never did. After

learning from police in New

Orleans that someone had seen a

youth fitting his son's description

at a hus station in Tallahassec.

heading for Fort Lauderdale.

Lawson Sr. sent a flier and photos

of his son in Fort Lauderdale

police. The flier, urging people to

call Lawson collect if anyone had seen his son, was posted on a

bulletin board in the lobby of the police station. Within hours, a

caller contacted Lawson, saying

robbed

Soviet orchestra

in harmony

prisoners' groups have criticised

Guatemala coup foiled

GUATEMALA CITY — The Guatemala government said it had foiled an attempted coup Tuesday, after air force bombers buzzed the presidential palace and army troops surrounded police headquarters in the capital.

"The attempted coup has been brought under control," presidential spokesman Carlos Aldeu told a radio station.

He gave no further details, but a Reuter reporter said troops wearing blue handkerchiefs on their necks remained posted round the central police headquarters in the capital.

Air force bombers earlier buzzed the presidential palace and one of the country's main air force bases and residents reported troop movements at severat military compounds.

President Vinicio Cerezo Arevalo, who took office in January 1986 after 16 years of harsh military rule, had warned in April that

TOKYO (R) - The man who is

virtually certain to be Japan's

next prime minister wants to

serve a full two-year term instead

of acting as a mere interim care-

taker, aides to outgoing Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita said

Masavoshi Ito, a former fore-

ign minister and elder of the

ruling Liberal Democratic Party

(LDP), briefly acted as caretaker

premier in 1980 when Prime Minister Masayoshi Ohira died

Ito has so far refused to take

the premiership despite pleas

from senior members of the par-

ty, citing poor bealth. But be is

expected to be persuaded by the

Aides to Takeshita said Ito's

"Mr. Ito wants several things

end of this week to take the job.

chronic diabetes was not the

reason for his repeated refusals.

assured before he says yes," said

a senior aide. "He wants to serve

tbe full two-year term to clean up

Papandreou ready to testify

Greek leftists claim bombing

sources said the document was genuine.

Swedish parliament since 1969.

Tuesday.

suddenly.

the aides said.

lto wants to serve

extreme rightists were trying to topple his elected government. In Washington, a State Depart-

ment spokesman said the United States would look unfavourably upon any attempt to overthrow Guatemala's civilian government. Military planes and helicopters flew around the home of the

tanks outside his house. The movement of troops and tanks, apparently in coordination with the overflights of airplanes and helicopters, began at 6:30 a.m. (1130GMT) in the city of about 1.8 million people, witnes-

defence minister, Alejandro Gra-

majo. Troops marched beside

By 8:30 a.m. (1330 GMT),

politics, instead of being a care-

Current Premier Takeshita

announced April 25 he was res-

igning over links to the Recruit

scandal which has led to the

resignation of three cabinet mem-

bers and the arrests of 13 people.

Recruit, a property and tele-communications company, gave

huge donations of money and unlisted shares to top politicians

in exchange for business favours.

only ranking LDP leader un-

He told reporters Tuesday he envisions a radical overhaul of

the LDP. He wants to abolish the

time-honoured faction system.

which has created virtual parties

outward appearance (of the par-

ty)." Kyodo news service quoted

Ito as saying Tuesday. "We have

to change the fundamental way of

thinking - a revolution of ideas

"It's no good just changing the

tainted by the scandal.

within the LDP.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

ATHENS (R) - Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou has

offered to visit Britain to testify in a libel suit he brought against the U.S. magazine Time, his lawyer said Monday. "The prime

minister said to me more than a month ago 'I'm prepared to come

to England to testify and he was clearly of the view...that this

could occur very quickly." American lawyer Leonard Boudin told

a news conference. Papandreou filed the libel suit several weeks

ago over a Time cover story in its European edition in March,

ATHENS (R) — The extreme left-wing November 17 guerrilla group Tuesday claimed responsibility for a bomb attack against former Greek Public Order Minister George Petsos. In a letter to

the left-wing Athens newspaper Eleftherotypia the group said

Petsos had had a "mountain of luck" to escape Monday's attack.

adding: "As the saying goes, a bad dog doesn't die easy." Police

Swede elected Council of Europe head

STRASBOURG, France (R) - Swedish conservative parlia-

mentarian Anders Bjorck was elected president of the 23-nation

Council of Europe Monday. Bjorek, 45, the youngest-ever

president of the council. was backed by 101 members of the council's assembly, with 47 votes going to his only rival, Danish

liberal Bjorn Elmquist. Bjorck takes over from French Senator

Louis Jung for a three-year term. He has been a member of the

which reported on a \$200-million bank scandal in Greece.

Ito is considered virtually the

taker for six months or so."

troops bad returned to their barracks. Military planes and helicopters flying overhead had apparently returned to their bases. Morning rush-hour activity appeared normal.

There were no sounds of shooting. All radio and television stations interrupted their normal. broadcasts to play military mar-ches during the attempt, then returned to normal program-

"There are extreme-right groups that are not happy with democracy," President Vinicio, who survived a military coup last May 11, said in a speech to the nation April 17.

Vinicio, of the Christian Democratic Party, did not identify these groups but said they were using violence and coup plots to undermine his rule. A correspondent for the U.S.

ABC television network in Guatemala City said soldiers also had surrounded the presidential

Takeshita told reporters earlier

this week that he would strive to

clean up Japanese politics in his brief time remaining in office.

totally inadequate to do this since

he has admitted taking money

from Recruit," a government

Takashi Ishihara, chairman of

the Japan Association of Corpo-

rate Executives and the Nissan

Motor Company, called Tuesday for a central political fund to which companies can donate to

the LDP, replacing donations by

Ishihara suggested that a

Takeshita is to step down later

Aides said earlier this week

this month when the national

budget is rubber-stamped by the

that Ito also wants former Prime

Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone to

satisfy opposition demands and

upper house of parliament.

national pool of political money would help curb influence-

bnying, local media reported.

official said.

individual firms.

"But the people see him as

There were reports that domestic flights had been grounded at Guatemala's international airport, which is also an air force

American businessman Thomas Dashazo, in a live interview from Guatemala City with the U.S. television network CNN, said earlier it appeared the "military had made a concerted effort to take over the government."

Guatemala's state-run Radio Nacional, which had been asking all radio stations to join in a nationwide broadcast, announced this was no longer necessary but gave no further explanations.

Guatemala, with a population of nearly 8.5 million, is the most populous of the Central American nations and the only one which is largely Indian in language and culture. The capital, Guatemala City, has a population of 1.5 million.



Police parade through the southern South Korean city of Pusan with the coffin on one of the six

policemen killed in a clash with university students

Roh threatens tougher action

SEOUL (AP) — President Roh Tae-Woo called Tuesday for a tougher crackdown on violent protests by radical groups afterthe government went through "a

stage of self-restraint."
"The fate of the country hinges on whether law and order can be maintained," Roh told a special cabinet session that discussed measures to deal with violent anti-

government protests. Roh ordered cabinet ministers to use all the resources of the government and the security forces to clamp down on radical students, dissidents and workers

Roh accused radical groups of plotting a revolution to over-throw South Korea's liberal democratic system.

who resort to violence.

"The government has gone through a period of self-res-traint," be added. Roh's warning came after six

riot policemen were burned to death and 10 others critically injured in a clash with radical students in the southern city of Pusan last Wednesday. It was the worst political violence in South

Korea in recent years.

The deaths brought a nationwide outcry against political violence. The government moved swiftly to crack down on radical groups and arrested several

Under mounting public press-ure, a main radical student group, the National Council of Student Representatives, announced last week a new policy renouncing

violence. The group said it would not use firebombs if authorities ease controls on anti-government demonstrations.

The group's declaration of nonviolence raised hopes that South Korea's often turbulent politics would enter a lull, at least for a

On Tuesday, about 6,600 students took part in peaceful antigovernment demonstrations at 21 universities and colleges in Seoul and elsewhere, and no clashes were reported, police said.

At some schools, snidents destroyed hundreds of firebombs before anti-government rallies or campus marches to show sincerity in their non-violent intentions.

U.S. 'back in space business'

EDWARDS AIR FORCE BASE (R) - A jubiliant top U.S. space official declared the United States "hack in the space exploration business" after Monday's return of the space shuttle

Soon after a smiling crew left the shuttle in the Mojave desert base after their four-day flight and hugged waiting officials, Rear Admiral Richard Truly, a former astronaut and administra-tor-designate of the U.S. Space Agency, declared: "It is hard not to have a big grin on your face."

"The vehicle looks as clean as any I have seen after a space flight. I feel NASA is back on track, back in the space explora-tion business," said Truly, nomin-ated by President George Bush to be the next administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

The Atlantis crew launched the spacecraft Magellan on a 15month voyage to take radar images of the planet Venus, the first of what a NASA official said would be 36 scientific space missions in the next five years. They will be launched by shuttles and. by rockets.

Magellan was the first planetary probe launched by the United States since 1978 and the first from a shuttle. It is due to be followed by the launching of a spacecraft to Jupiter in October and the sending of a space tele-scope into orbit in December.

The last four flights bave all been delightfully boring. Everything is going well," Truly said in a reference to the Challenger disaster. The United States has launched four shuttle missions since an explosion destroyed Challenger and killed its crew of seven Jan. 28, 1986. Space officials studied the nose tyres of Atlantis after it landed on a concrete runway buffeted by cross winds of up to 33 kilometres an. bour.

The tyres of the nose landing wheels were scuffed as shuttle commander David Warwick steered the 82-tonne shuttle along a concrete runway while being hit side on by the winds.

Truly said there were some tiny chips on the tiles which protect the shuttle when it enters Earth's atmosphere from space. But these could bave been caused by rubber spurting up from the tyres, he said.

Atlantis, whose launch was de-layed six days because of a faulty shuttle fuel pump, landed just 38

A man who distributed a flier pleading for information about his missing teenage son was lured to town by a phony tipster and then robbed at gunpoint, the man said. Tom Lawson flew 2,776 kilometres from his home in Tulsa. Oklohama, to southern Florida after a caller told him his 16-year-old son, Tom Jr., was at the "Fort Lauderdale boy's club." But instead of taking Lawson to his son Friday, the man robbed him. The father returned home a day later without his son, or his wallet, credit cards, watch and \$150 cash. "I feel stupid," Lawson, a 43-year-old marketing director, said by telephone from his home in Tulsa. "When some-

Gyorgy Fejti said Monday's

"The great speed of political restructuring and the changed the changes by legitimised." he

seconds late from its four-day, 2.7-million-kilometre flight.

Janos Kadar

and condition of the bomb, and cannot bring nuclear arms into mittee... decided to relieve him about his responsibility for 76 there have been no discussions Japan without prior consultations of his post of party president and minutes, ignoring attempts by with the United States about how Grosz to interrupt. with the government. The Central Committee member." Even in a purely ceremonial role, he had become a political to deal with it, said another Fore-Japanese government says there the state news agency MTI said.

LONDON (R) - Three newspapers were fined Monday for publishing hanned material from the book "Spycatcher" by

Newspapers fined for 'Spycatcher' extracts

former British intelligence officer Peter Wright. The high court found the Sunday Times, the Independent and the now-defunct News on Sunday guilty of contempt of court and fined them £50,000 (\$83,500) each. Sunday Times editor Andrew Neil said the paper would appeal to the House of Lords and to the European Court in Strasbourg.

Australian opposition ousts leaders

CANBERRA (R) - Australia's opposition coalition Liberal and National parties elected new leaders Tuesday to mount a major election challenge to the Labour government, party sources said. Andrew Peacock became Liberal Party leader after ousting John Howard by 44 votes to 27 in a no-confidence ballot among Liberal members of parliament, party sources said. In another noconfidence vote, Charles Blunt replaced Ian Sinclair as National Party leader, party sources said.

16 killed In Swedish crash

STOCKHOLM (R) - Sixteen people, including three parliamentarians, were killed Monday when a commuter plane crashed and exploded in flames while landing at a southeastern Swedish airport, government officials said. The Ministry for Transport and Communications said three members of Sweden's parliament were abourd the twin-engined Beechcraft-99 which crashed at Oskarshamn airport, killing all 14 passengers and two pilots. "Trose confirmed dead are centre party parliamentarian Anna Wohlin-Andersson, Social Democrat Hans Rosengren and Anders Andersson of the moderate party," a ministry spokeswoman said.

'Stealth' said to cost up to \$75 billion

WASHINGTON (R) — Congressman Les Aspin, chairman of the House of Representatives Armed Services Committee, said Monday the B-2 Stealth bomber programme's cost might have risen to around \$75 billion, up \$17 billion in just two years.

Farugels new premier

Last Alberto Sanchez was named prime minister Monday following the resignation of Armando Villanueva, who sited criticism of the government's anti-insurgency policies for his departure. Sanchez has "the prestige and knowledge ... to unite us in two fundamental areas: the fight against subversion and to reactive the economy," President Alan Garcia said in making the appointment.

Japan seeks American 'lost' bomb explanation TOKYO (AP) - Japan formally Department of Defence listing of

Masayoshi Ito

questions.

the Recruit affair.

requested an explanation from the United States Tuesday about a 1965 accident in which a hydrogen bomb was lost in the Pacific Ocean near one of Japan's is-

"This happened in international waters so we have no right to make a loud demand," said a semor Foreign Ministry official who declined to be named. "We are just asking the United States

to give us an explanation."
The incident, which Japanese opposition politicians and citizens' groups are claiming was covered up by the U.S. government, occurred in 1965 when a hydrogen bomb aboard a U.S. carrier in international waters was lost in the Pacific.

The bomb was aboard an A-4 Skyhawk plane that fell off the Ticonderoga about 133 kilometres from the closest point of land, a small island in the Ryukyu chain of Japanese islands. The carrier was on its way from Vietnam to the Japanese port of Yokosuka.

The Japanese government does not know the present location ign Ministry official Monday, speaking on condition of anony-

Japanese government officials said Monday the loss of the bomb was reported in a 1981 U.S.

By Peter Eng The Associated Press

BANGKOK — Thai fishermen

have killed or left for dead

hundreds of Vietnamese boat

people in the last year in what

Western officials call a reversal

of recent progress against pira-

cy in South-east Asian waters.

tell of scores of refugees at a

time drowning in attacks in

which the pirates ram Viet-

namese boats, then use ham-

mers and other objects to repel

survivors trying to cling to the

viciousness of attacks has gone

up ... even though the number

of attacks has gone down," said

demanded anonymity.

a Western aid official, who

Thai government officials

would not officially comment,

but some dismissed the

accounts by survivors as fab-

rications designed to win sym-

pathy and quicker resettlement in the West. They also dismis-

sed suggestions that govern-

ment policy had encouraged

Figures compiled by the

U.N. High Commissioner for

Refugees (UNHCR) show at

"The level of violence, the

pirate vessels.

the violence.

Survivors reacting Malaysia

nuclear weapons accidents, but there was no indication that it occurred near inhabited islands. The report said only that the accident happened 800 kilometres from the Asian main-

testify to parliament on his role in

Nakasone has refused to testify

Before taking the premiership,

on oath but agreed to answer

Ito also wants a free hand to

make cabinet and top party

appointments, aides said.

The Japanese government is not aware of what measures the United States has taken concerning the bomb because the accident occurred in international waters, they added.

The report that the incident occurred near an inhabited island first surfaced in the May 15 edition of Newsweck magazine. The loss of the B-43 bomb, which had a force equivalent to up to one megaton of TNT, was kept secret at the time. Newsweek said,

quoting a report by the Institute for Policy Studies in Washington. The pilot was killed when the plane carrying the bomb accidentally rolled off the aircraft carrier, said the report, based on documents obtained under the U.S. Freedom of Information

Japan bans nuclear weapons and says U.S. ships or planes have never been any such consultations.

The United States, meanwhile, refused to confirm or deny the presence of nuclear weapons in specific locations.

least 28 people killed and 590

missing and presumed dead in

1988 and the first three months

Merciless killings

In addition, the UNHCR

said Friday that seven pirates

armed with shotguns and ham-

mers killed three crew mem-

bers and set fire to a boat

carrying about 130 Vietnamese

refugees off the Malaysian

coast April 16. There was only

Two attacks in March left

On March 19, three boats

more than 100 people missing,

according to survivors' accounts collected by the

manned by about 15 pirates robbed a vessel with 46 Viet-

namese aboard. They abducted

10 women, then rammed the

Vietnamese boat until it cap-

sized. A passing vessel rescued

On March 25, pirates

abducted up to 30 women and

children after looting a boat

with 58 Vietnamese passen-

gers. Armed with knives and

metal objects, the pirates beat

the other passengers and threw them overboard. A teenage

the only known survivor.

one known survivor.

UNHCR.

of this year.

Grosz under pressure

Party sacks Kadar;

BUDAPEST (R) — Hungary's ruling communists have sacked president. He was removed from the supformer leader Janos Kadar from his last party posts and called a special conference that could threaten his successor. Karoly Grosz, and cause a further refor-

mist landslide. News of his consignment to political oblivion came in a twosentence report after a long closed session Monday of the party's 118-member central committee.

"On the basis of information received about Janos Kadar's state of health, the Central Com-

Kadar, installed after Soviet tanks put down the 1956 uprising, led Hungary till less than a year ago when he was replaced as

general secretary and shunted into the powerless post of party

boy and an old man who flo-

ated to an oil rig were the only

Pirates have attacked the

Vietnamese in the Gulf of

Thailand and the adjoining

South China Sea since they

began fleeing the communist

In recent years, these attacks

had been steadily decreasing

with the strengthening of a

Thai anti-piracy programme

coordinated by the UNHCR

and funded by Western na-

tions, mostly the United States,

gures, pirates attacked 17 per cent of the Vietnamese boats

that landed on Asian shores in

1985. The attacks left 455 peo-

ple dead or missing.

The proportion and violence

of attacks fell the next two

years. In 1987, pirates attacked

eight per cent of the boats; 95

people were reported dead or

The proportion of attacks

fell to seven per cent in 1988,

but the violence increased dra-

matically. In the 100 boats

attacked, 28 people were re-

ported killed and 478 missing,

including 71 women who were

abducted and not recovered.

There were 74 rapes reported.

missing.

According to UNHCR fi-

takeover in April 1975.

known survivors.

reme Politburo but kept a place on the policymaking Central Committee. Officials say Kadar, 77 this month, had slipped into physical and mental decline, exacerbated

by major political changes un-

leashed when he and his old guard were ousted at a special party conference in May last year by Grosz and a string of reformers. At a Central Committee meetig last month he is reported

to have rambled uncontrollably

and personal embarrassment to a party reassessing its past and looking to a future of Westernstyle democracy.

In the first three months of

this year, at least 242 people

were missing from attacks and

up 10 85 women were reported

1988, 14,000 more than in the

'Encouragement'

·Virtually all the pirates, are Thais, and some Western offi-

cials say they were emboldened

to greater violence hy the offi-

cial Thai government policy

carly last year of repelling boat people from Thai shores as a

Aid officials said more than

100 people were killed in those

pushoffs, some in rammings by

Thai fishermen whom author-

ities had asked to help carry

nut the policy.
Thailand claimed in April

1988 it had restored asylum,

But sources say authorities

since then have sent thousands

of Vietnamese away from Thai

shores and directed them south

deterrent to others.

raped.

survivors.

previous year.



meeting had decided to convene another conference this year to discuss new statutes, personnel issues and strategy for multi-party elections, the first since 1947 and which are due by June 1990.

role of the party... demand that Central Committee Secretary told Hungarian television. Killer pirates stalk Vietnamese 'boat people'

he knew where his son was. to Malaysia. They said at least When Lawson arrived at the one Vietnamese hnat was agreed-on motel meeting place Friday, he was greeted by a man attacked by pirates last year after Thai authorities drave in

Some attacks are not re-"Clearly anyone that wants in engage in (piracy) has to feel it is easier to get away with it ported because there are no The number of potential vicwhen the government is making the kinds of statements they tims has increased dramatically as nearly 44,000 Vietnamese landed in Asian countries in are making about refugees." said Shephard Lowman, presi-

> tary group Refugees Interna-Lowman said he was told that Thai authorities even used resources from tha anti-piracy programme in last year's pushoffs.

> dent of the U.S.-based volun-

Western officials said the Thai policy has prompted most boats leaving Vietnam to sail south to Malaysia instead of west to Thailand. They say that puts them in the traditional pirates lair and beyond the patrols of the anti-piracy vessels. It also forces them to spend a much longer time at

Western officials believe most assailants are not professional criminals but "pirates of opportunity" - fishermen who chance upon Vietnamese boats and see an easy plunder.

who took his money, watch and wallet and fled, he fold police. "I feel very sad I didn't bring my child home." he said. Global

(major world cities) MIN, MAX.

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AMSTERDAM

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weather

علدًا صد الأحل